American Verismo: WWII Oral Histories, Portraiture, and the Documentary Genre

By Jerry Ross, artist

What I will tell you

- American Verismo: dal vero, verismo, macchia
- WWII Interviews with US Army soldiers who fought in Italy
 - Ollie Patterson
- Portraiture in painting: "Nonna Toscana"
- The Documentary genre: a comment
 - Questlove's 'Summer of Soul'
 - PUSSY RIOT: A PUNK PRAYER

Santa Fe Philosophy Group

- Heidegger and Dogan* and the concept of "Time-Being."
- Some of my philosophical interests:
 - The Platform Sutra by Hui Neng, 6th Patriarch
 - Spinoza
 - Gramsci
 - Aesthetics of the Risorgimento (Italian Unification)
- * A "hats off" to Hee-Jin Kim, U of O



Spinoza

Huineng's (Sixth Patriarch of Chan) Platform Sutra

- Hongren, the Fifth Patriarch, summoned all his followers and proposed a poem contest for his followers to demonstrate the stage of their understanding of the essence of mind. He decided to pass down his robe and teachings to the winner of the contest, who would become the Sixth Patriar
- Shenxiu, the leading disciple of the Fifth Patriarch, composed a stanza, but did not have the courage to present it to the master. Instead, he wrote his stanza on the south corridor wall to remain anonymous one day at midnight. The other monks saw the stanza and commended it. Shenxiu's stanza is as follows: [13]

The body is the <u>bodhi</u> tree.
The mind is like a bright mirror's stand.
At all times we must strive to polish it and must not let dust collect. [note 1]

Huineng's stanza

Bodhi originally has no tree.

The mirror has no stand.

The Buddha-nature is always clear and pure.

Where is there room for dust?

The Dharma was passed to Huineng at night, when the Patriarch transmitted "the doctrine of sudden enlightenment" as well as his robe and bowl to Huineng. He told Huineng, "You are now the Sixth Patriarch. Take care of yourself, save as many sentient beings as you can, and spread the teachings so they will not be lost in the future.[11]

The 4 Taoist Virtues

- Remote
- Foolish
- Cranky
- Poor

The Five Taoist Excellencies



painting calligraphy philosophy

Martial arts Healing arts



Dal Vero, Verismo

What is Verismo?

- This style of painting overtook all forms of art (history paintings, genre paintings, and landscapes)
- Went to locations for inspiration
- Artists painted everyday scenes (cafes, street life, clubs, etc)
- Famous painters were Jean-Francois Millet, Gustave Courbet, Honore Daumier, and Ilya Repin.



Giovane Scuola

- · Directly translates to young school
- students consisted of Italian composers who were alive after Verdi
- These composers were the most famous in the late 19th and early 20th century
- This group had close connections with the Milan conservatory
- Other composers involved were Leoncavallo, Giordano, Cilea, Catalani, Franchetti, and Don Lorenzo Perosi
- They concentrated a lot on writing about the effects and hardships of poverty and society



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Verismo in painting

- According to the Tate Gallery web site: "From Italian term 'verismo',
 meaning realism in its sense of gritty subject matter, verismo was as
 originally applied around 1900 to the violent melodramatic operas of
 Puccini and Mascagni. Example: La bohème
- In painting practice this often meant <u>a strong, even exaggerated</u> <u>chiaroscuro and a simplification of shapes</u>, as well as the introduction of <u>abstraction through the application of large</u> brushstrokes or dabs (macchie).



The Barbizon and I Macchiaioli Movements

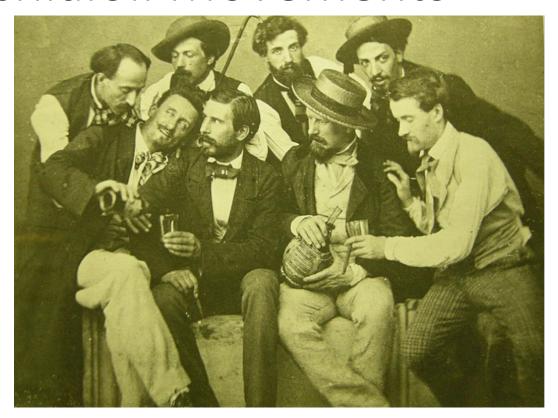
Pioneers of the <u>Naturalist</u> movement in landscape painting, The Barbizon School was a loose association of artists who worked around the village of Barbizon, located just outside Paris near the Forest of Fontainebleau



Jean-Baptiste-Camille Corot



Giovanni Fattori



The **Macchiaioli** (Italian pronunciation: [makkjaˈjɔːli]) were a group of <u>Italian painters</u> active in <u>Tuscany</u> in the second half of the nineteenth century. They strayed from antiquated conventions taught by the Italian art academies, and did much of their painting outdoors in order to capture natural light, shade, and colour

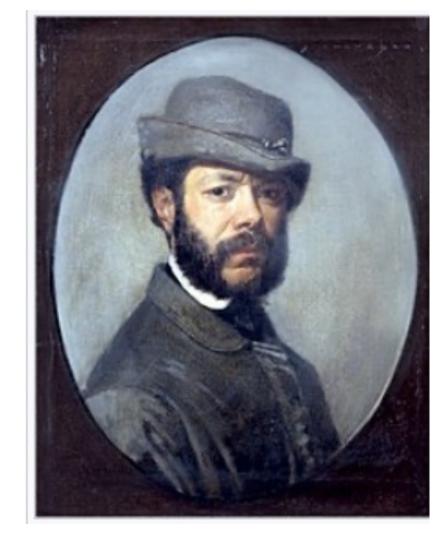
"Le Polemiche al Caffè Michelangiolo" Shiri Gross

 Considered by theorists today to be early modernists, a movement of its own distinct from impressionism, the group distanced itself from the traditional standards of the Accademia delle Belle Arti di Firenze and were recognized by their community for their innovative experimentation with plein- air studies, tonal opposition, sketch-like effect, and a thematic focus on nature and the quotidian. Their radical identity in the realm of art is considered inseparable from their political values in support of the Risorgimento and Giuseppe Garibaldi.



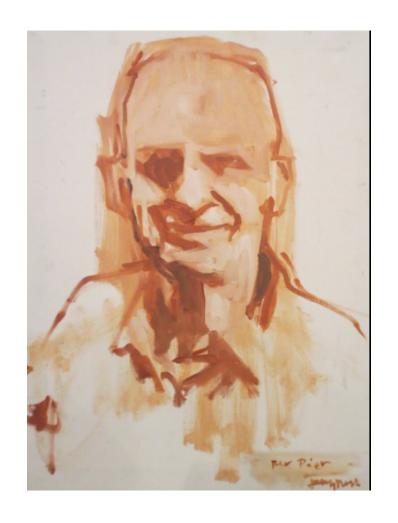
Terminology

- vero, dal vero
- •macchia, macchie
- •loli
- effect
- •finito, non-finito



Filippo Palizzi

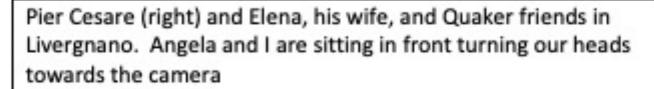
Professor Pier Cesare Bori (U of Bologna, It)



Pier Cesare Bori (Casale Monferrato, 3
February 1937 - Bologna, 4 November 2012)
was a professor of religious history, moral
philosophy, and multiculturalism at
the <u>University of Bologna</u>. He was also a
leading Italian <u>Quaker</u> and <u>Tolstoy</u> scholar.
For many years he kept a writing studio in
Livergnano near Bologna.

He had just been appointed holder of the UNESCO Chair for religious pluralism and peace.







Poster for my exhibit in Loiano, 2000





361st Infantry Association WWII Directory 2007

Interview session 2003

Ollie Patterson – Play Interview https://youtu.be/CUNutSMBn8k



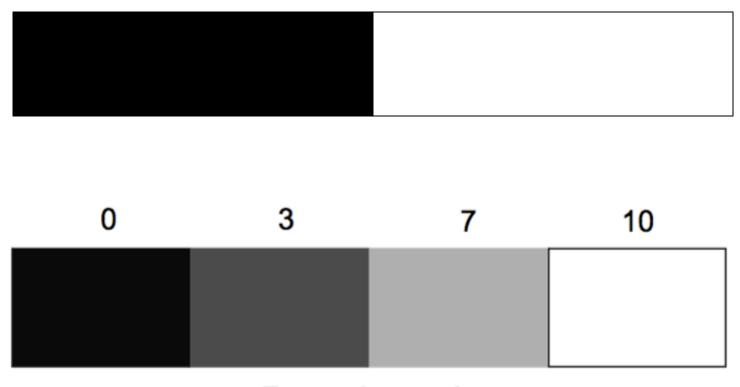


Aesthetic Discoveries of the I Macchiaioli

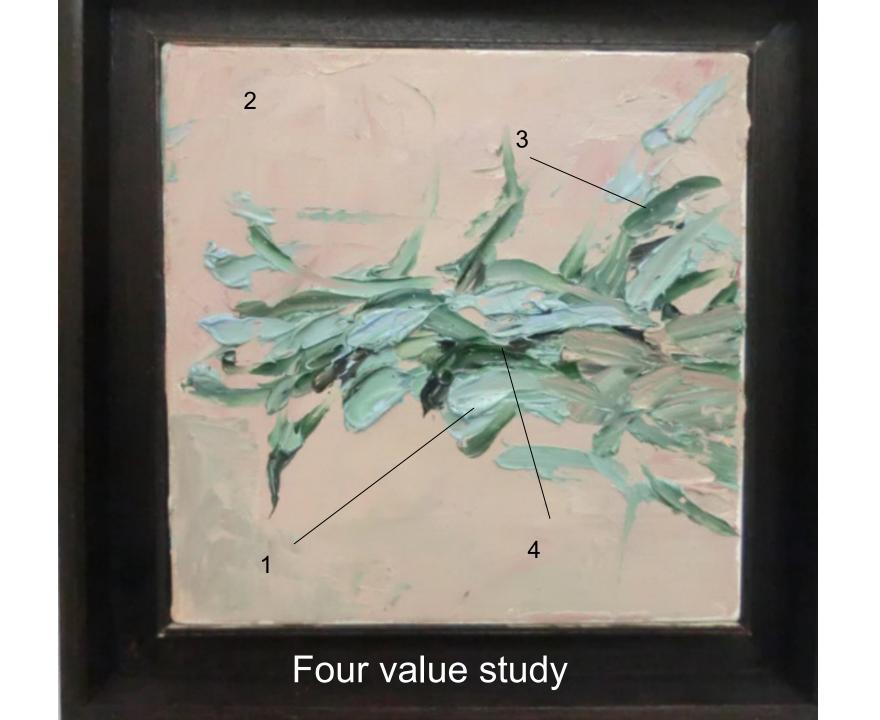
 Powerful light effects and bold paint handling techniques:

- "Sketchy" painting style
- Scumbling and heavy impasto
- Vigorous brushwork and accentuated light effects, palpable surface textures
- Primacy of macchia and chiaroscuro

2 and 4-value studies



Four value scale



Direct vs Indirect Painting



Indirect attack, built up over time, in layers

Direct attack in one session

The discovery of Macchia



Macchia

- A sketch or sketch technique, spot or dab
 - Macchia di sole (sun spots)
 - Macchia di inchiostro (ink stain)
 - Underbrush: a large area covered by thickets, in the Maremma: thick impenetrable macchie
 - Porco macchiaioli (wild "cinghiali", boars)
 - Essential pattern or "seed"

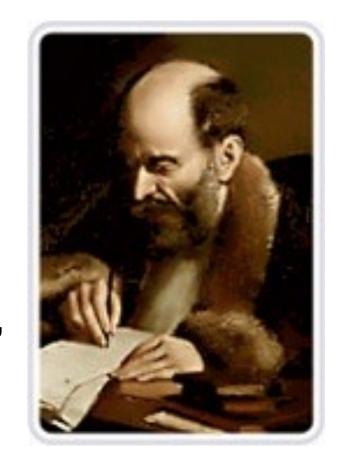
Macchia

- The harmonious arrangement of darks & lights
- Small, quickly executed monchrome studies
- A limited number of simple, distinct shapes
- Shapes are continuous flat values
- Line, mass, color, edge varieties

Vittorio Imbriani on Macchia.

"If it lacks that first fundamental harmonious accord, the execution, the finish, no matter how great, will never succeed in moving, in evoking in the spectator any sentiment, while, on the other hand, the solitary, bare macchia, without any determination of objects, is most capable of arousing such sentiments."

Vittorio Imbriani



Benedetto Croce (1866-1952)

- "A Theory of the Macchia"
- "Outlaw sketchers"
- "The preservation in final paintings the qualities associated with the sketch: the light effect, the color, the verve, the movement of the brush..." Albert Boime
- "Embrionic cell" of Filippo Palizzi
- "The value of the poem, as of the painting, lies in the macchia" – Croce





1st div

Historic context: the Risorgimento

- Fattori: "a cospirazione" and rinnegato (outlaw)
- Counterfeiting (battere moneta alla macchia*)
- Illegal publishing: stampare alla macchia)
- Hiding out in the woods: fare alla macchia
- Carbonari: charcoal burners (carbonarism)
- Literally "the bush"

iaoli

- Identification with the popular classes
- Aioli L. ariolus (plebian groups)
- Humble and marginal labor
 - Ragpickers: cenciaioli
 - Pickpockets: borsaioli
 - Shit workers: merdaioli
 - Day laborer: mezzaioli (camporaioli)
 - Wood gatherers: boscaiole

Mass Macchia

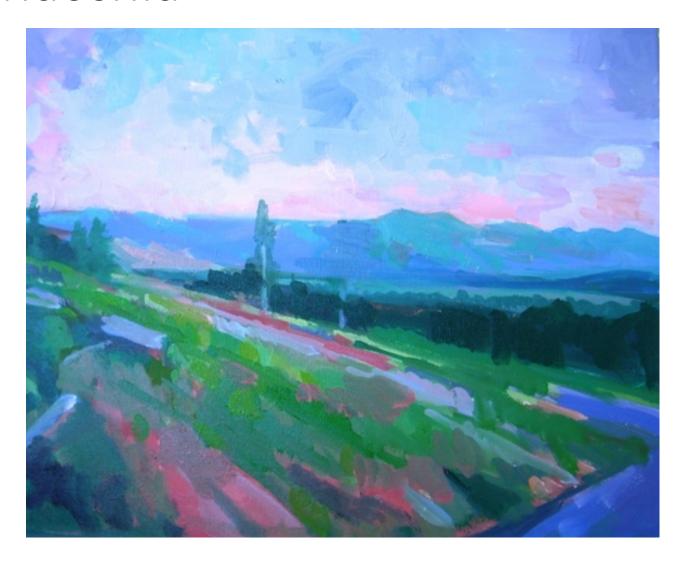


Line Macchia



Sienna oil sketch

Color Macchia



Edge Macchia



Giuseppe and Anita Garibaldi



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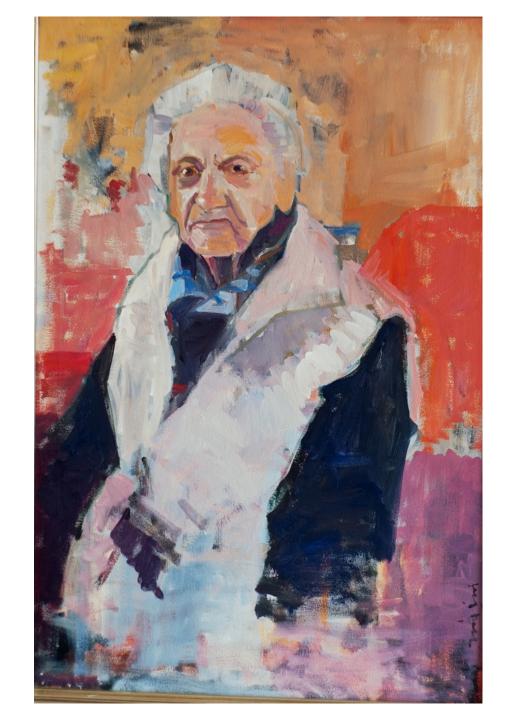
Chronology

b Juky 4th 1807 Nice, becomes merchant- captain 1834 in exile, sails for South America 1835-1848 naval battles in Brazil, Uruguay, Argentina 1848 Piedmont War with Austria, escape to Switzerland 1849 Defense of Rome, flees with Anita who dies in Ravenna 1850 Staten Island works with Meucci, candle factory 1851-53 Latin American and Pacific voyages 1854 "Retires" to island of Caprera 1859-60 Cacciatori delle Alpi, Battles in Sicily, Rome 1861 Proclaims Italian Republic 1861 Refuses major-general role in US Army in Civil War



Garibaldi



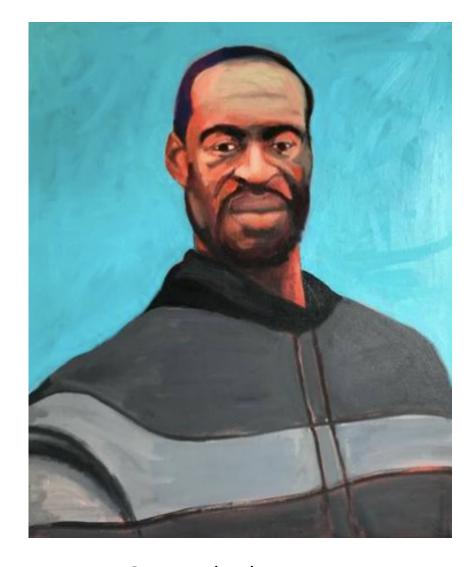




La Nonna Toscana

A Feminist Critique

- a depiction of a woman that defies popular femininity yet defines who she is, as a woman, boldly
- she is depicted outside of any motherly or grandmotherly setting, standing alone, with an expression that is the antithesis of the soft, submissive, and nurturing female stereotype.
- Ross's style is self-proclaimed as American Verismo. He explains it as dal vero (after life or after truth) within which he attempts to paint everyday things, people, and places with a "poetic realism" the influence for which he finds in Italian art from all ages



George Floyd



Navolny

"The subtle subversion of Jerry Ross" by Kathy Caprario

The 6 Types of Documentary film

- Poetic mode -- Leni Riefenstahl's Olympia (1938)
- Expository mode Ken burns, *The Dust Bowl* (2012)
- Participatory mode Michael Moore's *Bowling for Columbine* (2001)
- Observational mode -- Primary (1960), <u>cinema verité</u>
- Performative mode -- Supersize Me (2004) by filmmaker Morgan Spurlock

Documentary Genre

- The Good Fight
- Love Meetings by Pasolini



HBOWATCH.COM

HBO Summer Documentary – PUSSY RIOT: A PUNK PRAYER

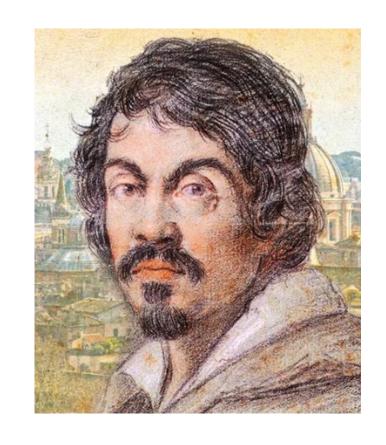
Summer of Soul





All works, no matter what or by whom painted, are nothing but bagatelles and childish trifles... unless they are made and painted from life, and there can be nothing... better than to follow nature."-

Caravaggio



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