## New synonyms in Plagiochila (Hepaticae) III

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**Abstract** – *Plagiochila castellonis* Gottsche ex Steph. and *P. mandonii* Gottsche ex Steph. are excluded from the synonyms of *P. spinulosa* (Dicks.) Dumort. and regarded as conspecific with *P. stricta* Lindenb; *P. striolata* A. Evans is identified as a further synonym of *P. stricta*.

*P. aequifolia* Steph. is excluded from the synonymy of *P. micropteryx* Gottsche and is placed in the synonymy of *P. patula* (Sw.) Lindenb.; *P. rara* Gottsche is treated as a synonym of *P. cuneata* Lindenb. & Gottsche.

## Plagiochila / synonyms

In recent years, the taxonomy of *Plagiochila* (Dumort.) Dumort. has been the subject of numerous studies (e.g., So, 2001; Heinrichs, 2002a), confirming the presence of many synonyms within *Plagiochila* species. The use of molecular and phytochemical markers (e.g., Groth *et al.*, 2003; Rycroft, 2003) in addition to morphological characters has led to a deeper understanding of the sectional subdivision of the genus and pointed out close relationships between the Neotropical and Atlantic European *Plagiochila* floras. Revisionary studies in the framework of a treatment of the Plagiochilaceae for the series "Flora Neotropica" clarified the status of 3 Neotropical binomials and led to the identification of 2 Madeiran taxa as synonyms of a tropical American species. As in Heinrichs & Renker (2001) and Heinrichs (2002b), the new synyonyms are listed and parts of the type material are depicted.

**Plagiochila cuneata** Lindenb. & Gottsche, in Gottsche *et al.*, *Syn. Hep.*: 632. 1847. **Type**: Mexico, *Liebmann* (lectotype, designated by Grolle & Heinrichs [1999], C). = *Plagiochila rara* Gottsche, *in* Triana & Planchon, *Ann. Sci. Nat., Bot.* ser. 5, 1: 100. 1864, **syn. nov. Type**: Colombia, Choachi, 2600 m, *Lindig s.n.* (lectotype, here designated, G [ster.]).

Groth *et al.* (2002) identified *P. cuneata* as a member of the *P.* sect. *Rutilantes* Carl and discussed the differentiation from the morphologically close *P. loriloba* Herzog ex Carl. Although sparse, the type material of *P. rara* can be identified as belonging to *P. cuneata* because of the presence of coarse, lobe-like apical teeth and median leaf cells with length between 30 and 50  $\mu$ m. The holo-type of *P. rara* at B was destroyed.

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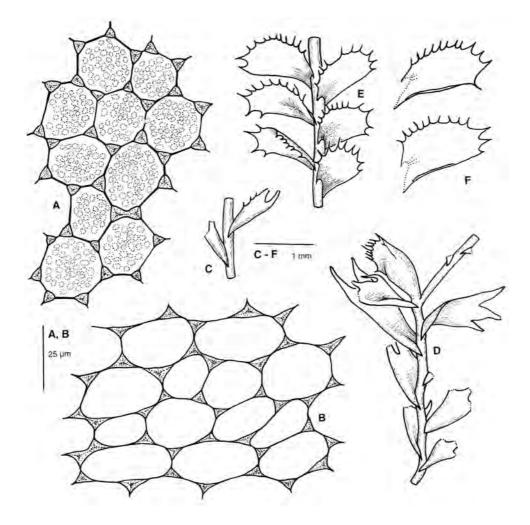


Fig. 1. *Plagiochila cuneata* Lindenb. & Gottsche (B-D) and *P. stricta* Lindenb. (A, E, F): A, B, cells from leaf center; C, part of shoot, dorsal view; D, part of female shoot with perianth; E, part of shoot, ventral view; F, leaves [A from holotype of *P. castellonis* (G), B, C from lectotype of *P. rara* (G), D from isolectotype of *P. cuneata* (W), E, F from lectotype of *P. mandonii* (G)].

Plagiochila patula (Sw.) Lindenb., Spec. Hepat. (fasc. 1): 21. 1839.

= *Plagiochila aequifolia* Steph., *Spec. Hep.* 2: 227. 1902, **syn. nov. Type:** Cuba, *Wright 348* (holotype, G 18131 [ster.]; isotype, FH [ster.] ).

Inoue (1989) erroneously synonymised *Plagiochila aequifolia* with *P. micropteryx* Gottsche, another member of *P. sect. Vagae* Lindenb. (Heinrichs *et al.*, 2002). However, *P. micropteryx* differs from *P. patula* by the ventral leaf base which is short to moderately decurrent (*P. patula* often long decurrent) and the shorter and broader stem leaves.

Plagiochila stricta Lindenb., Spec. Hepat. (fasc. 1): 20. 1839.

Plagiochila striolata A.Evans, Trans. Connecticut Acad. Arts 18: 311. 1914, syn. nov. Type: Peru, Lucma, 2130 m, 07.08.1911, Foote 36 (holotype, YU [ster.]).
Plagiochila mandonii Gottsche ex Steph., Spec. Hep. 2: 414. 1904, syn. nov. Type:

= *Plagiochila mandonii* Gottsche *ex* Steph., *Spec. Hep.* 2: 414. 1904, **syn. nov. Type:** Madeira, *Mandon 4* (lectotype, designated by Grolle & Schumacker [1982], G 20910/a [ster.]).

= *Plagiochila castellonis* Gottsche ex Steph., *Spec. Hep.* 6: 138. 1918, **syn. nov. Type**: Madeira, *Castello s.n.* (holotype, G 12022 [ster.]).

Rycroft *et al.* (2002) have demonstrated the occurrence of the Neotropical *Plagiochila stricta* Lindenb. on Tenerife and discussed the morphological differences between *P. stricta* and the closely related European *P. spinulosa* (Dicks.) Dumort. Two binomials from Madeira, *P. mandonii* and *P. castellonis*, which were placed in the synonymy of *P. spinulosa* by Grolle & Schumacker (1982), proved to belong to *P. stricta* because of the presence of ciliate teeth on the ventral leaf base and leaves that lie more or less flat and spread out. The cuticle of *P. castellonis* is strongly and densely papillose, a character found more frequently in *P. stricta* than in *P. spinulosa*.

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