

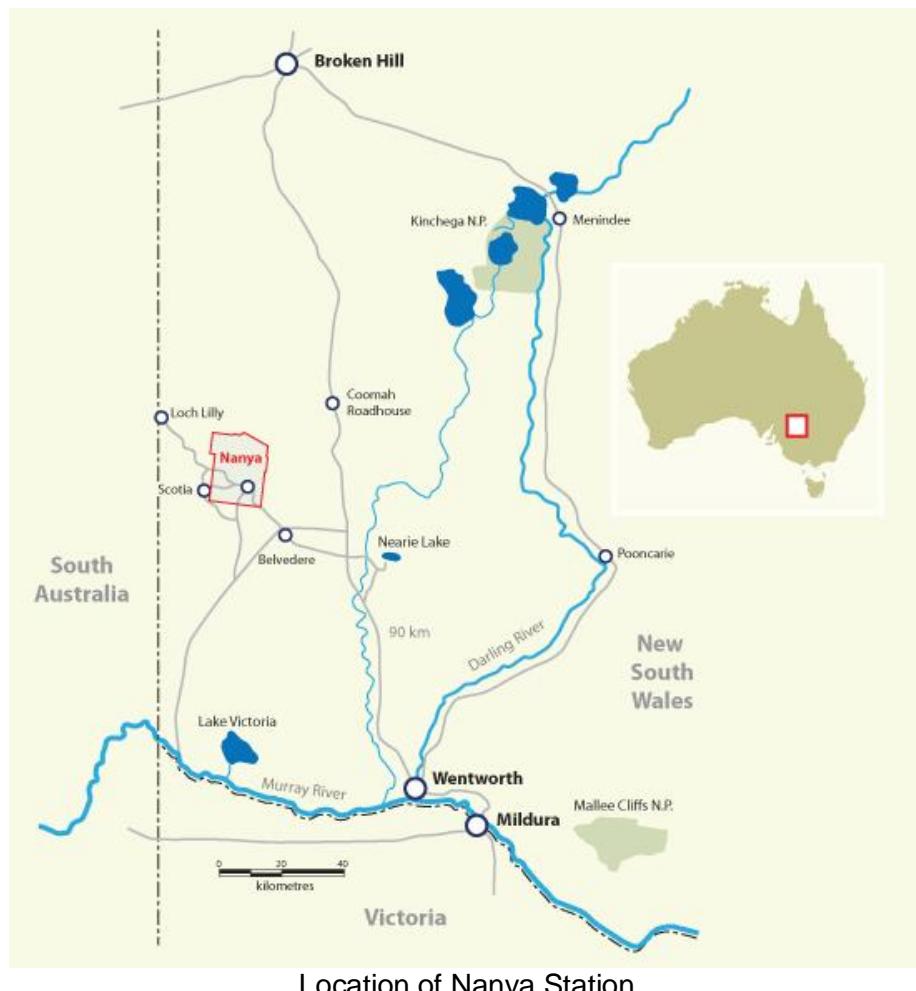
FEDERATION UNIVERSITY AUSTRALIA

NANYA STATION WESTERN NEW SOUTH WALES:

VEGETATION AND FLORA



**Nanya Station, owned and managed by the Federation University
was purchased with assistance from the Department of
Environment and Heritage and the Lower Murray Darling Catchment
Management Authority (now incorporated in Local Land Services).**



Location of Nanya Station

The Centre for Environmental Management at the Federation University Australia (Previously known as University of Ballarat) had been involved in studies of flora and fauna in western New South Wales since 1988. Studies became concentrated on the Scotia region with its variety of intact ecosystems due to a short pastoral history. Of particular significance is a system of natural salt lakes of which the most extensive is the Scotia Discharge Complex located on Nanya Station. An extensive vegetation survey of the Scotia region (Westbrooke *et al.* 1998) highlighted the significance of the area both in terms of the range of communities in relatively intact condition and the occurrence of species and communities of restricted distribution. Nearly 400 species were recorded of which nine had either not previously been recorded or have restricted distribution in western NSW. Twenty-two plant communities occur on Nanya Station of which two, *Halosarcia lylei* low open shrubland and *Hemichroa diandra/Halosarcia/Frankenia* low open shrubland, are dominated by species not previously recorded from NSW. *H. lylei* and *Acacia loderi* shrublands are listed as endangered under the NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act.

VEGETATION

The vegetation of Nanya consists predominantly of *Eucalyptus gracilis/E. dumosa/E. socialis* open shrubland and *Casuarina pauper/Alectryon oleifolius* open woodland but 22 distinct communities occur (Table 1). While several of the communities are of limited distribution they add significantly to the conservation values of the property. The approximate percentage area occupied by each community, mean species richness, total species richness, mean percentage weediness and Benson (2006) equivalence of these communities are given in Table 1. Communities are described and illustrated grouped according to structural and floristic attributes.

Distribution of plant communities

The distribution of plant communities on Nanya is largely determined by minor changes in topography and associated soil type. *Eucalyptus* open-shrubland with *Triodia scariosa* understorey occurs on deep sandy soils of the dunes. *Eucalyptus* shrubland with a shrub understorey occurs in the swales. *Casuarina pauper* woodland occurs on calcareous plains of loamy solonised brown soils. *Atriplex vesicaria* low open shrubland is associated with the areas around the salt lake systems and on islands within the salt lakes while *Halosarcia/Osteocarpum/ Frankenia* and *Halosarcia lylei* low open-shrublands occur on and around the fringes of salt lakes.

Vegetation community conservation values

Halosarcia lylei low open-shrubland has not previously been recorded from NSW (Harden 1990-1993). Whilst the species is not listed as endangered for Australia (Briggs and Leigh 1988) this is the only site in NSW from which it has been recorded and the community is now listed under the NSW Threatened Species Act. *Halosarcia/Frankenia/Osteocarpum* low open shrubland frequently includes *Hemichroa diandra* which has not previously been recorded from NSW. This species is not listed as endangered for Australia (Briggs and Leigh 1988) but is endangered in Victoria (Gullan *et al.* 1990). It is a new record for NSW and its widespread occurrence in this area is significant. A small area of *Acacia loderi* open shrubland, listed under the NSW Threatened Species Act, occurs to the north of the homestead complex. Gypseous low shrubland dominated by *Kippistia suaedifolia*, the *Atriplex vesicaria* shrubland and the *Callitris glauophylla* open woodland are listed by Benson (2006) as vulnerable. The distribution of communities is shown on Fig. 4.

Plant species

Over 410 vascular plant species from 64 families have been recorded from Nanya including 62 (15%) exotics. A full listing of species is given as Appendix 1.

None of the species recorded is rare or threatened Australia-wide (Briggs & Leigh 1988) but nine have not previously been recorded, or have restricted distribution in western NSW (Harden 1990-93). *Halosarcia lylei*, *Hemichroa diandra*, *Podotheca angustifolia*, *Dodonaea stenozyga* and *Elachanthus glaber* have not previously been recorded for NSW; *Bergia trimera* and *Ptilotus atriplicifolius* have not been recorded for the south far western province; *Austrostipa nullanulla*, *Cratystylis conocephala* and *Kippistia suaedifolia* were previously known only from a few sites in NSW and were listed by Pressey (1993) as at risk. Beckers (1997) records *C. conocephala* and *K. suaedifolia* on Schedule 1, Part 1 endangered species for the Western Zone of NSW but does not list the other six species due to lack of records. With the exception of *C. conocephala*, *D. stenozygza* and *P. angustifolia*, which occur within *Eucalyptus* shrubland, these species are associated with the salt lakes.

Nanya contains highly significant plant communities not otherwise represented in conservation reserves. The vegetation communities of south-western NSW have until recently been poorly conserved and the communities of Nanya are of particular significance due to their species richness, low weediness and occurrence of significant species.

1. Woodlands

- 1a. *Casuarina pauper/Alectryon oleifolius* woodland/open-woodland with a mixed shrubby understorey



Casuarina pauper, growing to 10-12m, occurs as a dominant species on the loamy sands of interdune areas. It is frequently associated with *Alectryon oleifolius* ssp. *canescens* and/or *Myoporum platycarpum*. Commonly associated understorey shrubs are *Enchylaena tomentosa*, *Chenopodium curvispicatum*, *Maireana pentatropis*, *M. georgei*, *Sclerolaena obliquicuspis*, *Eremophila sturtii*, *Olearia muelleri* and *Senna artemesioides*. *Stipa* spp., *Vittadinia cuneata* and *Dissocarpus paradoxus* are frequent in the ground layer.

- 1b *Casuarina pauper/Alectryon oleifolius* woodland/open-woodland with *Maireana sedifolia* understorey



A *Casuarina pauper* community characterised by an understorey dominated by *Maireana sedifolia* occurs in areas near Seawards Tank in the north, around Sturt Bore in the west and on the eastern boundary.

- 1c *Casuarina pauper Alectryon oleifolius/Geijera parviflora* woodland/open-woodland with a mixed shrubby understorey



In the south east corner of the property *Casuarina pauper* woodland occurs in association with *Geijera parviflora*. *G. parviflora* has been shown to have a significant facilitation effect on ground flora (Warnock et al. 2008).

- 1d *Callitris glauophylla* open-woodland



Callitris glauophylla to 10m occurs as the dominant tree on a few sandy ridges. The community has an understorey of herbs and grasses including the native species *Actinobole uliginosum*, *Calandrinia eremaea*, *Calotis hispidula*, *Tetragonia tetragonoides*, *Crassula colorata*, *Rhodanthe moschata* and *Zygophyllum ammophilum* with a high occurrence of exotic weeds including *Brassica tournefortii*, *Bromus rubens*, *Erodium cicutarium*, *Medicago minima* and *Sisymbrium irio*.

1e *Hakea leucoptera/Hakea tephrosperma* low open woodland



In a number of locations a low open-woodland with a near monospecific overstorey of *Hakea leucoptera* or *H. tephrosperma* to 7m occurs with an understorey of grasses and herbs.

2. Eucalypt shrublands (mallee)

2a *Eucalyptus oleosa/E. gracilis/E. dumosa* open-shrubland



Eucalyptus open-shrubland dominated by *E. oleosa*, *E. gracilis*, and *E. dumosa* to 8m. occurs on interdune plains. Understorey shrubs include *Enchytraea tomentosa*, *Chenopodium curvispicatum*, *Atriplex stipitata*, *Maireana pentatropis*, *M. georgei*, *Sclerolaena obliquicuspis*, *Eremophila sturtii*, *E. glabra*, *Olearia muelleri*, *Senna artemisioides*, *Myoporum platycarpum*, *Dodonaea viscosa* and *Acacia colletioides*. Frequently occurring grasses and herbs include *Stipa* spp., *Vittadinia cuneata* and *Dissocarpus paradoxus*.

2b *Eucalyptus* open-shrubland with *Triodia* understorey



On dune ridges *Eucalyptus* open-shrubland to 8m occurs characterised by the presence of *Triodia scariosa* as the dominant component of the understorey. The most frequent dominants are *Eucalyptus socialis*, *E. dumosa* and *E. gracilis* with *E. oleosa*, *E. costata* and *E. leptophylla* as more occasional associates. Commonly associated shrubs include *Dodonaea viscosa*, *Maireana pentatropis*, *Eremophila glabra* and *Grevillea huegelii*. Associated grasses and herbs include *Stipa* spp., *Podolepis capillaris* and *Vittadinia cuneata*.

2c *Eucalyptus gracilis/Melaleuca lanceolata* open-shrubland



In a narrow fringe around the salt lakes a mallee community to 8m occurs in which *Melaleuca lanceolata* is a prominent component. Associated shrubs confined to this community include *Leptospermum coriaceum*, *Acacia rigens* and *Hibbertia virgata*. *Disphyma crassifolium* ssp *clavellatum* is a common component of the ground layer.

2d *Eucalyptus gracilis* open-shrubland with *Disphyma crassifolium* ssp. *clavellatum*



Around the eastern edges of many of the salt lakes is a community dominated by generally aged examples of *Eucalyptus gracilis* with a low understorey dominated by *Disphyma crassifolium* ssp. *clavellatum* and *Maireana pentatropis*.

3. **Acacia shrublands**

3a *Acacia aneura* open-shrubland



Small areas of *Acacia aneura* tall open shrubland to 8m occur at a number of sites. The disturbed area around the homestead may have included a significant area of this community. Areas of *A. aneura* tall open shrubland are generally surrounded by *Casuarina pauper* woodland. The understorey is dominated by herbs and grasses.

3b *Acacia loderi* open-shrubland



An area of *A. loderi* tall open shrubland to 6 m occurs 500m north of the homestead. *A. loderi* shrubland is listed on the NSW Threatened Species Act as endangered due to lack of regeneration. The area on Nanya has been exclusion fenced to encourage regeneration within this community.

4. **Low open shrublands**

4a *Dodonaea viscosa* ssp. *angustissima*/ *Eremophila sturtii* shrubland/open-shrubland



In a number of areas *Dodonaea viscosa* ssp. *angustissima* and/or *Eremophila sturtii* form stands of varying density to 2m. *Acacia burkittii* may also be associated. The understorey consists of a variety of grasses and herbs. This community is regarded as resulting from past clearing of eucalypt open-shrubland or *Casuarina pauper* woodland.

4b *Nitraria billardieri* shrubland



Nitraria billardieri is a low rounded native shrub which is unpalatable to most grazers. It has tended to increase in areas of heavy grazing such as around water points.

4c *Lycium australe* shrubland



Small areas of low shrubland dominated by *Lycium australe* occur on the plains surrounding the salt lake system.

4d *Atriplex vesicaria* low open-shrubland



An extensive open-shrub community dominated by *A. vesicaria* occurs around the salt lakes. Frequently associated species include *Lycium australe*, *Disphyma crassifolium* ssp. *clavellatum*, *Maireana pentatropis*, *Scleroleana obliquicuspis* and *Stipa* spp.

4e *Maireana sedifolia* low open shrubland



To the south of Sturt Bore an area of *Maireana sedifolia* low open shrubland occurs, an example of a community far more extensive to the east of Nanya.

4e *Halosarcia/Frankenia/Osteocarpum* low open-shrubland



Around the perimeter of many salt lakes is a community dominated in varying proportions by *Halosarcia* spp., *Hemichroa diandra* (only known from this location in NSW), *Frankenia* spp. and *Osteocarpum acropterum* ssp. *diminutum*.

4f *Halosarcia lylei* low open-shrubland



A near monospecific community of *Halosarcia lylei* occurs across the bed of smaller salt lakes and around the perimeter of larger lakes.

4g *Halosarcia pergranulata* low open-shrubland

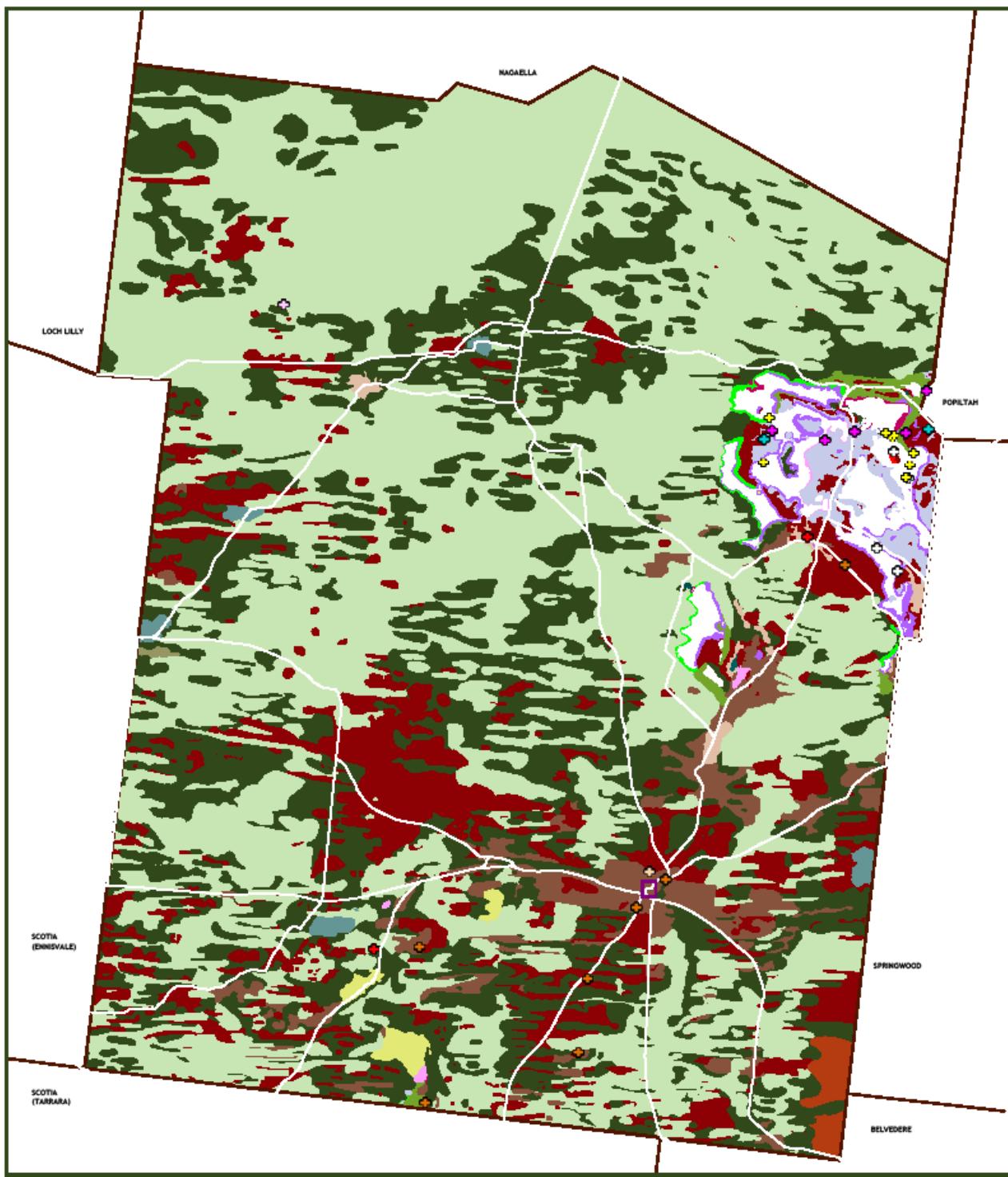


Across many of the smaller lakebeds and around the perimeter of larger lakes is a near monospecific community dominated by *Halosarcia pergranulata*.

4h Gypseous shrubland



Areas of gypseous dunes around the salt lakes and on some islands within the salt lake complex support a low shrubland community dominated by the gypsophile, *Kippistia suaedifolia*.



Vegetation Communities of Nanya Station

Woodlands

- Casuarina pauper/Alectryon oleifolius woodland/open-woodland with a mixed shrubby understorey
- Casuarina pauper/Alectryon oleifolius woodland/open-woodland with *Maireana sedifolia* understorey
- Casuarina pauper/Alectryon oleifolius/Grevillea parviflora woodland open-woodland with a mixed shrubby understorey
- Callitris glaucophylla open-woodland
- Callitris verrucosa open-woodland
- Hakea leucopetra/Hakea tepproserpa low open-woodland

Eucalyptus shrublands (Mallee)

- Eucalyptus oleosa/E. gracilis/E. dumosa open-shrubland
- Eucalyptus open-shrubland with *Triodia* understorey

Eucalyptus gracilis open-shrubland with *Ditsphyma crassifolium* ssp. *clavellatum*

Eucalyptus gracilis/Lialeuca lanceolata open-shrubland

Acacia shrublands

- ◆ Acacia aneura open-shrubland
- ◆ Acacia loderi open-shrubland

Low open shrublands

- Dodonea viscosa ssp. angustissima/Eremophila sturtii shrubland/open-shrubland
- Nitaria billardieri shrubland
- ◆ Lycium australe shrubland
- Maireana sedifolia low open-shrubland

Atriplex vesicaria low open-shrubland

Halosarcia/Frankenia/Osteocarpum low open-shrubland

Halosarcia iylei low open-shrubland

Halosarcia granularia low open-shrubland

Gypseous shrublands

Gypseous low open-shrubland

Grasslands/Herblands

Grassland/Herbland

Saltlake Complex

Saltlake

0 2 4 Kilometres



Map preparation by Martin Westbrooke and Sara Munawar, 2009

5. Grasslands/Herblands

5a Grassland



Open areas which are bare for extended periods develop dense *Stipa* spp. grassland after good spring rains.

5a Herbland



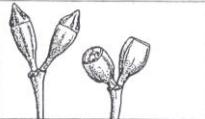
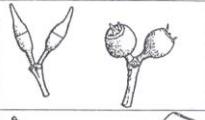
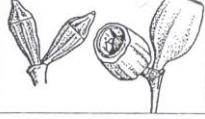
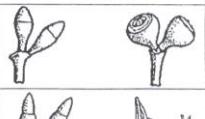
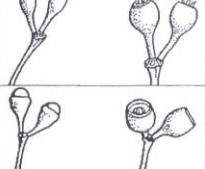
An artificial community consisting of largely exotic grasses and herbs with few associated shrubs occurs around the more reliable groundwater tanks and other highly disturbed areas.

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Photography by Martin Westbrooke, maps by Sara Munawar

Mallees

<p>Find examples of buds and fruits. Look both on the tree and on the ground. If there are no buds/fruits on the tree you are examining look at others of similar appearance</p> <p><i>Eucalyptus socialis</i></p> <p><i>Eucalyptus dumosa</i> Widespread and easily recognised from its broad greyish leaves. Very widespread.</p> <p><i>Eucalyptus gracilis</i> Typically in swales and around clay pans/salt lakes</p> <p><i>Eucalyptus oleosa</i> ssp. <i>oleosa</i> Typically in swales</p> <p><i>Eucalyptus leptophylla</i></p> <p><i>Eucalyptus costata</i> Only on deep sand. Typically on dune crests</p> <p><i>Eucalyptus porosa</i> Only known from Canegrass Bore on Tarawi.</p>	1 Leaves grey-green and dull or with a slight sheen	2	
	1 Leaves dark-green and shiny	3	
	2 Cap of bud short and pointed with faint ribs Leaves very grey-green	<i>E. dumosa</i>	
	2 Cap of bud slender, smooth, long and pointed Leaves light green with a slight sheen	<i>E. socialis</i>	
	2 Very large buds, short pointed and strongly ribbed. Typically only found on dune crests	<i>E. costata</i>	
	3 Leaves very narrow - <10mm wide	4	
	3 Leaves narrow - typically 8-15mm wide	5	
<p><i>Eucalyptus leptophylla</i></p> <p><i>Eucalyptus oleosa</i></p> <p><i>Eucalyptus gracilis</i></p>	4 Domed cap with no ridge where cap meets the cup. Buds turn red as they develop	<i>E. leptophylla</i>	
	5 Bud looks like an acorn or an egg in egg cup	<i>E. oleosa</i>	
	5 Small buds and fruits. Small smooth domed cap	<i>E. gracilis</i>	

Other overstorey trees/tall shrubs

<i>Casuarina pauper</i>	Belah	Jointed ribbed photosynthetic stems
<i>Alectryon oleifolius</i>	Rosewood	Narrow grey leaves, grazed to 2m
<i>Myoporum platycarpum</i>	Sugarwood	Bright green leaves, warty stems, 'zig-zag' branchlets
<i>Geijera parviflora</i>	Wilga	Similar to above. Weeping habit, aromatic leaves
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	Mulga	Upright habit, narrow grey phyllodes
<i>Hakea tephrosperma</i>	Needlewood	Thin pointed silvery leaves, hooked tip
<i>Hakea leucoptera</i>	Needlewood	This pointed silvery leaves, straight tip
<i>Exocarpos apphyllus</i>	Leafless cherry	Tangled stiff leafless stems
<i>Pittosporum angustifolium</i>	Native apricot	Narrow leaves with prominent mid vein
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	Quandong	Thick leaves, 'nibbled'
<i>Callitris verrucosa</i>	Scrub pine	On deep dunes

Medium shrubs

<i>Senna artemisioides</i> ssp. <i>filifolia</i>		Multi-stemmed shrubs to 3m with compound leaves	2-5 pairs narrow leaflets
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> ssp. <i>petiolaris</i>			As above – flattened petiole
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> noth <i>coriacea</i>			Several pairs broad leaflets
<i>Eremophila glabra</i> ssp. <i>glabra</i>	Tar bush		Broad dark green sticky 'dirty' leaves
<i>Eremophila glabra</i> ssp. <i>murrayensis</i>			Dense narrow green sticky leaves
<i>Eremophila scoparia</i>	Scotia bush		Fine grey leaves, purple flower
<i>Eremophila sturtii</i>	Turpentine		Thin twisted sticky leaves
<i>Eremophila deserti</i>			
<i>Eremophila longifolia</i>			
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i>			Grey leaves, pale lilac flower
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>			Long fine phyllodes

<i>Acacia colletioides/nyssophylla</i>		Tangled spiny shrub.
<i>Acacia wilhelmiana</i>		Phyllode flat to 2cm. Prominent hairy veins. Dunes
<i>Acacia ligulata</i>		Broad phyllodes to 20cm. Dunes
<i>Acacia oswaldii</i>	Umbrella wattle	Curled fruit, spine tipped phyllode
<i>Acacia rigens</i>		Straight stiff phyllode
<i>Olearia pimelioides</i>		Grey decussate leaves
<i>Olearia muelleri</i>		Spade-shaped green sticky leaf
<i>Olearia subspicata</i>		Fine grey leaves. Deep sands
<i>Westringia rigida</i>		Rigid branched leafless stems. Heavily grazed
<i>Maireana georgei</i>		Satin Bluebush. Fruit with single radial slit
<i>Maireana pentatropis</i>		Erect habit, retains dead black leaves, 3-5 vertical wings
<i>Maireana sedifolia</i>		Silver fleshy leaves
<i>Maireana pyramidata</i>		Black pyramid shaped fruit
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>		Small dark green leaves. 5 short wings on fruit
<i>Maireana radiata</i>		Prominent radial nerves on horizontal wing
<i>Templetonia egena</i>		Broom like, olive green leafless
<i>Beyeria opaca</i>		Monoecious – separate male & female plants
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> ssp. <i>angustissima</i>		Prominent mid rib, irregular edge to leaf
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>		Bladder saltbush
<i>Atriplex stipitata</i>		Very sparse habit
<i>Chenopodium desertorum</i>		Small rounded grey leaves
<i>Chenopodium curvispicatum</i>		Near white rounded leaves
<i>Chenopodium nitrariacium</i>		Rounded shrub to 2m around tanks
<i>Lycium australe</i>		Low shrub. Rounded fleshy leaves drop readily
<i>Nitaria billardieri</i>		Low-lying sites around tanks
<i>Enchyalaena tomentosa</i>		Variable common shrub. Yellow/red edible fruits
<i>Duboisia hopwoodii</i>		Sandy ridges
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>		Dense, spiny grey shrub
* <i>Nicotiana glauca</i>		Only exotic shrub. Around tanks
<i>Grevillea huegelii</i>		Deeply divided leaves

Sub-shrubs

<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	2 stout spines	<i>Einadia nutans</i>	
<i>Sclerolaena obliquicuspis</i>	'oblique' spines	<i>Dissocarpus paradoxus</i>	Cannonball
<i>Sclerolaena patenticuspis</i>	opposite spines	<i>Pimelea microcephala</i>	
<i>Sclerolaena parviflora</i>	Star fruit	<i>Sida corrugata</i>	
<i>Maireana appressa</i>		<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>	Climber
<i>Maireana erioclada</i>		<i>Leichhardtia australis</i>	Climber

Grasses/tussocks

<i>Triodia scariosa</i>		<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	Cane-like
<i>Eragrostis dielsii</i>		* <i>Schismus barbatus</i>	Exotic
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.		<i>Lomandra leucocephala</i> ssp. <i>robusta</i>	

Native daisies

		Herbs	
<i>Brachyscome ciliaris/lineariloba</i>	Alternate/basal	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	
<i>Isoetopsis graminifera</i>		<i>Calandrinia eremea</i>	
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>		<i>Crassula colorata</i>	
<i>Pseudognaphalium luteoalbum</i>		<i>Eriochiton sclerolaenoides</i>	Hairy fruit
<i>Vittadinia cuneata</i>		<i>Chenopodium melanocarpum</i>	
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	Cudweed	<i>Salsola kali</i>	
<i>Podolepis capillaris</i>	Invisible plant	<i>Sida corrugata</i>	
<i>Myriocephalus stuartii</i>	Poached eggs	<i>Nicotiana velutina</i>	
<i>Cthonocephalus pseudovax</i>	Cf <i>Actinobole</i>	<i>Goodenia pinnatifida</i>	
<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>		<i>Euphorbia drummondii</i>	

**VASCULAR PLANT SPECIES
RECORDED FROM NANYA
Nomenclature according to Gullan
(*Viridans*) (2013)**

¹ Exotic species denoted thus *

ADIANTACEAE

Cheilanthes austrotenuifolia

AIZOACEAE

Aizoon quadrifidum
Disphyma crassifolium ssp. *clavellatum*
**Mesembryanthemum crystallinum*
**Psilocaulon granulicaule*
Tetragonia eremaea

CHLOANTHACEAE

Dicrastylis verticillata

AMARANTHACEAE

Hemicroa diandra
Ptilotus sessifolius
Ptilotus erubescens
Ptilotus exaltatus
Ptilotus gaudichaudii var. *gaudichaudii*
Ptilotus nobilis
Ptilotus obovatus
Ptilotus polystachyus
Ptilotus seminudus
Ptilotus sessilifolius var. *sessilifolius*
Ptilotus spathulatus

APIACEAE

Daucus glochidiatus

APOCYNACEAE

Marsdenia australis
Rhyncharrhena linearis

ASTERACEAE

Actinobole uliginosum
Angianthus spp.
Angianthus tomentosus
**Arctotheca calendula*
Brachyscome ciliaris
Brachyscome exilis
Brachyscome lineariloba
Brachyscome trachycarpa
Xerochrysum bracteatum
Calotis cymbacantha
Calotis erinacea
Calotis hispidula
**Carthamus lanatus*
**Centaurea melitensis*
Centipeda crateriformis subsp. *compacta*
Centipeda cunninghamii
Centipeda minima s.l.
Centipeda thespidioides s.l.
**Chondrilla juncea*
Chrysocephalum apiculatum s.l.

Chthonocephalus pseudevax

**Cirsium vulgare*
**Conzya bonariensis*
Cratystylis conocephala
**Dittrichia graveolens*
Elachanthis glaber
Eriochlamys behrii
Euchiton sphaericus s.l.
Gnephosis arachnoidea
Gnephosis tenuissima
Heliotropium asperimum
**Hedypnois rhagodioides*
Hyalosperma demissum
Hyalosperma stoveae
**Hypochoeris glabra*
Isoetopsis graminifolia
Ixiolaena leptolepis
Kippistia suaedifolia
**Lactuca serriola*
Lemooria burkittii
Millotia greevesii
Millotia myosotidifolia
Minuria cunninghamii
Minuria integriflora
Myriocephalus rhizocephalus
Polycalymma stuartii
Olearia muelleri
Olearia pimeleoides s.l.
Olearia subspicata
**Onopordum acaulon*
Podolepis capillaris
Podotheca angustifolia
Pogonolepis muelleriana
Pseudognaphalium luteoalbum
Pycnosorus pleiocephalus s.l.
**Reichardia tingitana*
Rhodanthe corymbiflora
Rhodanthe microglossa
Rhodanthe moschata
Rhodanthe pygmaea
Rhodanthe stuartiana
Rhodanthe tietkensii
Senecio glossanthus s.l.
Senecio minimus s.l.
Senecio pinnatifolius
Senecio quadridentatus
Senecio runcinifolius
#Sonchus asper s.l.
**Sonchus tenerrimus*
**Sonchus oleraceus*
Stuartina hamata
Triptilodiscus pygmaeus
Vittadinia cervicularis
Vittadinia cuneata
Vittadinia dissecta
Waitzia acuminata var. *acuminata*
**Xanthium spinosum*

BORAGINACEAE

**Echium plantagineum*
Halgnania andromedifolia
Halgnania cyanea
Heliotropium curassavicum

<i>*Heliotropium europaeum</i>	<i>Chenopodium desertorum</i> ssp. <i>desertorum</i>
<i>*Heliotropium supinum</i>	<i>Chenopodium desertorum</i> ssp. <i>rectum</i>
<i>Omphalolappula concava</i>	<i>Dysphania melanocarpa</i>
<i>Plagiobothrys plurisepalus</i>	<i>*Chenopodium murale</i>
 BRASSICACEAE	<i>Chenopodium nitrariaceum</i>
<i>*Alyssum linifolium</i>	<i>Chenopodium spp.</i>
<i>Arabidella trisepta</i>	<i>Chenopodium ulicinum</i>
<i>*Brassica tournefortii</i>	<i>Dissocarpus paradoxus</i>
<i>*Carrichtera annua</i>	<i>Einadia nutans</i>
<i>Geococcus pusillus</i>	<i>Enchytraea tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>
<i>Harmsiodoxa blennodioides</i>	<i>Eriochiton sclerolaenoides</i>
<i>Harmsiodoxa brevipes</i> var. <i>brevipes</i>	<i>Tecticornia halocnemoides</i> subsp. <i>halocnemoides</i>
<i>Lepidium leptopetalum</i>	<i>Tecticornia indica</i>
<i>Lepidium papillosum</i>	<i>Tecticornia lylei</i>
<i>Lepidium phlebopetalum</i>	<i>Tecticornia pergranulata</i>
<i>Menkea australis</i>	<i>Tecticornia pterygosperma</i> subsp. <i>ptyergosperma</i>
<i>*Sisymbrium erysimoides</i>	<i>Maireana appressa</i>
<i>*Sisymbrium irio</i>	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>
<i>*Sisymbrium orientale</i>	<i>Maireana ciliata</i>
<i>Stenopetalum lineare</i>	<i>Maireana decalvans</i>
<i>Stenopetalum sphaerocarpum</i>	<i>Maireana erioclada</i>
 CACTACEAE	<i>Maireana georgei</i>
<i>*Opuntia vulgaris</i>	<i>Maireana integra</i>
 CAESALPINIACEAE	<i>Maireana lobiflora</i>
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	<i>Maireana pentatropis</i>
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>petiolaris</i>	<i>Maireana pyramidata</i>
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. x <i>artemisioides</i>	<i>Maireana radiata</i>
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. x <i>coriacea</i>	<i>Maireana rohrlachii</i>
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. x <i>sturtii</i>	<i>Maireana sedifolia</i>
 CAMPANULACEAE	<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>
<i>Wahlenbergia communis</i> s.l.	<i>Maireana triptera</i>
<i>Wahlenbergia gracilenta</i> s.l.	<i>Maireana turbinata</i>
<i>Wahlenbergia gracilis</i> s.l.	<i>Malacocera tricornis</i>
 CARYOPHYLLACEAE	? <i>Neobassia</i> spp.
<i>Gypsophila tubulosa</i>	<i>Osteocarpum acropterum</i> var. <i>deminutum</i>
<i>*Herniaria cinerea</i>	<i>Rhagodia spinescens</i>
<i>Scleranthus minusculus</i>	<i>Rhagodia ulicina</i>
<i>*Silene apetala</i>	<i>Salsola</i> spp.
<i>*Spergularia diandra</i>	<i>Sclerolaena bicornis</i>
<i>*Spergularia rubra</i> s.l.	<i>Sclerolaena decurrens</i>
 CASUARINACEAE	<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>
<i>Casuarina pauper</i>	<i>Sclerolaena divaricata</i>
 CHENOPODIACEAE	<i>Sclerolaena muricata</i>
<i>Atriplex acutibractea</i>	<i>Sclerolaena obliquicuspis</i>
<i>Atriplex eardleyae</i>	<i>Sclerolaena parviflora</i>
<i>Atriplex holocarpa</i>	<i>Sclerolaena patenticuspis</i>
<i>Atriplex lindleyi</i> subsp. <i>inflata</i>	<i>Sclerolaena tricuspidis</i>
<i>Atriplex nummularia</i>	<i>Tecticornia tenuis</i>
<i>Atriplex pumilio</i>	<i>Stelligera endecaspinis</i>
<i>Atriplex stipitata</i>	
<i>Atriplex suberecta</i>	
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>	
<i>*Chenopodium album</i>	
<i>Chenopodium cristatum</i>	
<i>Chenopodium curvispicatum</i>	
	 CONVOLVULACEAE
	<i>Convolvulus erubescens</i> s.l.
	 CRASSULACEAE
	<i>Crassula colorata</i>
	<i>Crassula sieberiana</i> s.l.
	 CUCURBITACEAE
	<i>*Citrullus colocynthis</i>
	<i>*Cucumis myriocarpus</i>
	<i>Austrobryonia micrantha</i>

CUPRESSACEAE	LAMIACEAE
<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>	* <i>Marrubium vulgare</i>
<i>Callitris verrucosa</i>	* <i>Salvia verbenaca</i> var. <i>vernalis</i>
CYPERACEAE	<i>Teucrium racemosum</i> var. <i>racemosum</i>
<i>Schoenus subaphyllus</i>	<i>Westringia rigida</i>
DILLENIACEAE	LAURACEAE
<i>Hibbertia virgata</i>	<i>Cassytha melantha</i>
ELATINACEAE	LILIACEAE
<i>Bergia trimera</i>	<i>Bulbine bulbosa</i>
EUPHORBIACEAE	<i>Dianella revoluta</i> s.l.
<i>Beyeria opaca</i>	<i>Thysanotus baueri</i>
<i>Chamaesyce drummondii</i>	LOGANIACEAE
<i>Poranthera microphylla</i> s.l.	<i>Logania nuda</i>
FABACEAE	LOMANDRACEAE
<i>Cullen discolor</i>	<i>Lomandra effusa</i>
<i>Daviesia arenaria</i>	<i>Lomandra leucocephala</i> subsp. <i>robusta</i>
<i>Eutaxia diffusa/microphylla</i>	LORANTHACEAE
<i>Lotus cruentus</i>	<i>Amyema linophyllum</i> subsp. <i>orientale</i>
* <i>Medicago laciniata</i>	<i>Amyema miquelii</i>
* <i>Medicago minima</i>	<i>Amyema miraculosum</i> subsp. <i>boormanii</i>
* <i>Medicago polymorpha</i>	<i>Amyema preissii</i>
* <i>Melilotus indicus</i>	<i>Lysiana exocarpi</i> subsp. <i>exocarpi</i>
<i>Swainsona murrayana</i>	MALVACEAE
<i>Swainsona purpurea</i>	<i>Abutilon fraseri</i>
<i>Templetonia egena</i>	<i>Lavatera plebeia</i>
FRANKENIACEAE	<i>Lawrenzia glomerata</i>
<i>Frankenia connata</i>	<i>Lawrenzia squamata</i>
<i>Frankenia foliosa</i>	* <i>Malva parviflora</i>
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i> subsp. <i>pauciflora</i>	* <i>Modiola caroliniana</i>
<i>Frankenia serpyllifolia</i>	<i>Radyera farragei</i>
GENTIANACEAE	<i>Sida ammophila</i>
<i>Schenkia australis</i>	<i>Sida corrugata</i> var. <i>corrugata</i>
* <i>Centaurium tenuiflorum</i>	<i>Sida fibulifera</i>
GERANIACEAE	<i>Sida intricata</i>
* <i>Erodium botrys</i>	<i>Sida spodochroma</i>
* <i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	<i>Sida trichopoda</i>
<i>Erodium crinitum</i>	MARSILEACEAE
GOODENIACEAE	<i>Marsilea costulifera</i>
<i>Goodenia fascicularis</i>	<i>Marsilea drummondii</i>
<i>Goodenia pinnatifida</i>	MIMOSACEAE
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i>
<i>Scaevola depauperata</i>	<i>Acacia aneura</i>
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	<i>Acacia brachybotrya</i>
<i>Velleia connata</i>	<i>Acacia burkittii</i>
GYROSTEMONACEAE	<i>Acacia colletioides</i>
<i>Codonocarpus cotinifolius</i>	<i>Acacia ligulata</i>
HALORAGACEAE	<i>Acacia loderi</i>
<i>Glischrocaryon behrii</i>	<i>Acacia nyssophylla</i>
<i>Haloragis aspera</i>	<i>Acacia oswaldii</i>
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i>	<i>Acacia rigens</i>
<i>Myriophyllum verrucosum</i>	<i>Acacia sclerophylla</i>
<i>Myriophyllum</i> sp.	<i>Acacia wilhelmiana</i>

SCROPHULARIACEAE	<i>Austrostipa tuckeri</i> <i>Bromus arenarius</i> <i>*Bromus rubens</i> <i>Chloris truncata</i> <i>*Hordeum glaucum</i> <i>Cynodon dactylon</i> <i>Austrodanthonia eriantha</i> <i>Austrodanthonia setacea</i> <i>Enneapogon avenaceus</i> <i>Enneapogon intermedius</i> <i>Enneapogon nigriceps</i> <i>Enteropogon acicularis</i> <i>Eragrostis australasica</i> <i>Eragrostis dielsii</i> <i>Eragrostis eriopoda</i> <i>Eragrostis falcata</i> <i>Eragrostis setifolia</i> <i>*Holcus lanatus</i> <i>Panicum capillare</i> <i>Paspalidium gracile</i> <i>*Rostraria pumila</i> <i>*Schismus barbatus</i> <i>Triodia scariosa subsp. scariosa</i> <i>*Vulpia myuros</i>
MYRTACEAE	
<i>Baeckea crassifolia</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus incrassata</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus dumosa</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus gracilis</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus leptophylla</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus oleosa</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus porosa</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus socialis</i>	
<i>Leptospermum coriaceum</i>	
<i>Melaleuca lanceolata</i>	
NYCTAGINACEAE	
<i>Boerhavia dominii</i>	
OLEACEAE	
<i>Jasminum didymum</i> subsp. <i>lineare</i>	
OPHIOGLOSSACEAE	
<i>Ophioglossum lusitanicum</i>	
ORCHIDACEAE	
<i>Pterostylis biseta</i> s.l.	
OXALIDACEAE	
<i>Oxalis perennans</i>	
* <i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>	
PITTOSPORACEAE	
<i>Billardiera cymosa</i>	
<i>Pittosporum angustifolium</i>	
PLANTAGINACEAE	
<i>Plantago cunninghamii</i>	
<i>Plantago drummondii</i>	
<i>Plantago varia</i>	
POACEAE	
<i>Lachnagrostis filiformis</i>	
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	
<i>Aristida</i> spp.	
<i>Austrostipa acrociliata</i>	
<i>Austrostipa drummondii</i>	
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	
<i>Austrostipa eremophila</i>	
<i>Austrostipa mollis</i>	
<i>Austrostipa nitida</i>	
<i>Austrostipa nullanulla</i>	
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i> subsp. <i>scabra</i>	
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	
POLYGONACEAE	
* <i>Emex australis</i>	
<i>Muehlenbeckia diclina</i>	
<i>Muehlenbeckia florulenta</i>	
<i>Polygonum plebeium</i>	
* <i>Rumex crispus</i>	
<i>Rumex tenax</i>	
PORTULACACEAE	
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	
PRIMULACEAE	
* <i>Anagallis arvensis</i>	
PROTEACEAE	
<i>Grevillea huegelii</i>	
<i>Grevillea pterosperma</i>	
<i>Hakea leucoptera</i>	
<i>Hakea tephrosperma</i>	
RANUNCULACEAE	
<i>Ranunculus pumilio</i>	
RHAMNACEAE	
<i>Cryptandra propinqua</i>	
RUBIACEAE	
<i>Asperula conferta</i>	
<i>Synaptantha tillaeacea</i>	
RUTACEAE	
<i>Geijera parviflora</i>	
SANTALACEAE	
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	
<i>Exocarpos sparteus</i>	
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	

SAPINDACEAE

Alectryon oleifolius subsp. *canescens*
Dodonaea bursariifolia
Dodonaea viscosa subsp. *angustissima*
Dodonaea stenozyga

SCROPHULARIACEAE

Limosella australis
Stemodia floribunda

VERBENACEAE

**Verbena supina*

SOLANACEAE

Duboisia hopwoodii
Lycium australe
**Lycium ferocissimum*
Nicotiana glauca
Nicotiana goodspeedii
Nicotiana occidentalis
Nicotiana simulans
Nicotiana velutina
Solanum coactiliferum
Solanum esuriale
#*Solanum nigrum* s.l.

THYMELAEACEAE

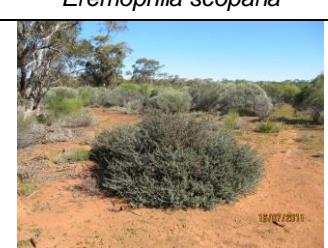
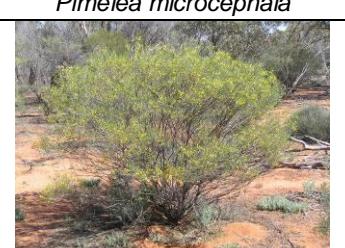
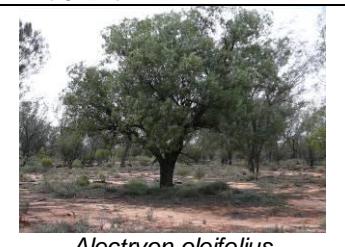
Pimelea microcephala subsp. *microcephala*
Pimelea simplex subsp. *simplex*
Pimelea trichostachya

URTICACEAE

Parietaria debilis s.l.

ZYGOPHYLLACEAE

Nitraria billardierei
Tribulus terrestris
Zygophyllum ammophilum
Zygophyllum angustifolium
Zygophyllum apiculatum
Zygophyllum aurantiacum
Zygophyllum billardieri
Zygophyllum compressum
Zygophyllum crenatum
Zygophyllum eremaeum
Zygophyllum glaucum
Zygophyllum iodocarpum
Zygophyllum ovatum

		
<i>Frankenia foliosa</i>	<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	<i>Eremophila glabra</i>
		
<i>Eragrostis eriopoda</i>	<i>Hemichroa diandra</i>	<i>Disphyma crassifolium</i>
		
<i>Lomandra leucocephala</i>	<i>Dodonaea stenozyga</i>	<i>Maireana sedifolia</i>
		
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	<i>Eremophila scoparia</i>	<i>Pimelea microcephala</i>
		
<i>Swainsona formosa</i>	<i>Eremophila maculata</i>	<i>Senna artemisioides</i>
		
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	<i>Maireana georgii</i>	<i>Zygophyllum aurantiacum</i>
		
<i>Grevillea huegelii</i>	<i>Cratystylis conocephala</i>	<i>Alectryon oleifolius</i>

A low-growing, yellow-flowered shrub with dense, rounded foliage.	A low-growing, greyish-green, spiny shrub with small, inconspicuous flowers.	A low-growing, green shrub with small, yellow flowers and dense, rounded foliage.
A low-growing, green shrub with clusters of small, yellow flowers.	A low-growing, green shrub with clusters of bright yellow flowers.	A low-growing, green shrub with small, purple flowers.
A low-growing, green shrub with clusters of small, white flowers.	A low-growing, green shrub with clusters of small, white flowers.	A low-growing, green grass-like shrub with long, thin leaves.
A low-growing, green shrub with small, yellow flowers.	A low-growing, greyish-green shrub with small, white flowers.	A low-growing, green shrub with clusters of small, white flowers.
A field of low-growing, green plants with small, yellow flowers.	A low-growing, greyish-green shrub with small, white flowers.	A large tree with long, narrow leaves and small, red flowers.
A low-growing, green shrub with small, yellow flowers.	A low-growing, green grass-like shrub with long, thin leaves.	A large tree with long, narrow leaves and small, white flowers.
A low-growing, green shrub with small, yellow flowers.	A low-growing, green shrub with small, yellow flowers.	A low-growing, green shrub with small, yellow flowers.

		
<i>Halganea cyanea</i>	<i>Sclerolaena bicornis</i>	<i>Templetonia eremaea</i>
		
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	<i>Maireana pyramidata</i>	<i>Marsdenia australis</i>
		
<i>Lysiana exocarpi</i>	<i>Ptilotus atriplicifolius</i>	<i>Myoporum platycarpum</i>
		
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i>	<i>Westringia rigida</i>	<i>Eremophila longifolia</i>
		
<i>Muehlenbeckia diclina</i>	<i>Codonocarpus cotinifolius</i>	<i>Duboisia hopwoodii</i>
		
<i>Austrostipa nullanulla</i>	<i>Acacia aneura</i>	<i>Acacia colletioides</i>
		
<i>Acacia loderi</i>	<i>Acacia burkitii</i>	<i>Eremophila scoparia</i>