Italy - The Sorrento Peninsula

Naturetrek Tour Report

9 - 16 April 2008





Capri

Lithodora rosmarinifolia



Orchis italica

Report and photos compiled by Mark Galliott



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Day 1

Wednesday 9th April

Sunny periods, warm

After meeting up at Gatwick with Mark our tour leader, we duly embarked on the mid morning flight to Naples. The weather over Europe was very cloudy enabling us only partial views of the snow covered Alps and the Italian Apennines as we neared our destination. After picking up the minibus at the hire car compound we left the airport, making our way towards the Sorrento Peninsula initially via the autostrada that bisects the sea and the imposing bulk of Mount Vesuvius away to our left.

At Castellamare we turned off onto the scenic but busy coastal road, entering the first of three long tunnels that cut through the mountain here, before emerging and admiring the views of the rocky coast overlooking the Bay of Sorrento with Capri rising precipitously in the background. A traffic hold-up gave us the chance to identify some distinctive plants on the adjacent cliff face including Scorpion Senna-Coronilla emerus, Tree Spurge-Euphorbia dendroides, Prickly Pear-Opuntia ficus-indica and the attractive yellow endemic Snapdragon-Antirrhinum siculum.

Arriving in Sorrento we settled into our hotel, admiring the lovely views over the bay to the island of Ischia in the distance. We sampled the first of the many good meals that we were to enjoy during our stay here, before having a meeting to discuss the itinerary for the week, and then for most people it was an early night.

Day 2

Thursday 10th April

Sunny periods, windy, showers later

The day dawned fine but windy, so after breakfast we started our week's exploration by driving the short distance up into the hills behind Sorrento, to park the minibus at Termini, and then walk down an easy track to the old lighthouse at Punta Campanella.

The Mediterranean flora was very much in evidence here in all it's spring glory, with a bewildering array of species that Mark identified for us as we gradually descended through Olive groves, woodland, and then into more open "Garrique" nearer the lighthouse. The lovely shocking blue of the endemic Gromwell-*Lithodora rosmarifolia* was eagerly photographed as it carpeted a limestone rock face, while the first orchids found were the very attractive Naked Man Orchid-Orchis italica.

Leguminous plants were particularly numerous with Starry Clover-Trifolium stellatum, Southern Bird's-foot Trefoil-Lotus creticus, Jupiter's Beard-Anthyllis barba-jovis, Bladder Vetch-A. tetraphylla, the attractive purple and red Lathyrus clymenum and the exquisite dark red Winged Pea-Tetragonolobus purpureus all noted. The usual migrant birds were conspicuous by their absence, but a singing Nightingale, a Marsh Harrier, and amazingly an Osprey fishing over the sea were appreciated. Resident species included Sardinian & Fan-tailed Warbler, Serin, and a dashing Peregrine Falcon.

After enjoying our picnic lunch at the old lighthouse, we then ascended a steep rocky path that climbs up over the cliff and eventually back down into Termini. Gaining altitude, a lovely vista gradually unfolded in front of us, with lovely views of the beautiful villages that cling to the cliff side of the famous Amalfi coastline stretching away to the south. Here there were more orchids including numerous Pink Butterfly-Orchis papilionacea and Tongue Orchid-Serapias lingua, while there were sheets of Asphodel-Asphodelus aestirus and many blooms of the lovely blue Narrow-leaved Lupin-Lupinus angustifolius. The beautifully marked green/blue Italian Wall Lizards, that we were to see all week, were here particularly accommodating allowing close inspection, as did also a beautiful newly emerged Swallowtail butterfly.

We eventually reached a large allotment area overlooking the village, which is normally a good spot for migrant birds to rest up after coming ashore. We were not to be disappointed with Pied Flycatchers, Wood Warblers, Common Redstarts, and two Wrynecks all giving good views. This was also a good place for plants with numerous delicate blooms of *Anemone hortensis & pavonina*, Provence Orchid-Orchis provincialis, and a small tree of Mediterranean Wild Pear-Pyrus amygdaliformis which was covered in profuse white blossom.

Day 3

Friday 11th April

Sunny and warm, misty and cooler later

This morning we started by driving around the back of Sorrento over the hills in an attempt to miss the "rush hour" traffic that afflicts this area, before turning inland along narrow roads and through small villages, gradually climbing up to Monte Faito our destination for the day. This is one of the summits which dominate the Latteri mountain range and at over 1,200 metres high gave us stunning views as we climbed firstly through open rocky grassland and then Black & Mountain Pine and Beech woodland. At one point we paused in a lay-by for a photo stop enabling us to see all across the bay to Vesuvius and Naples itself, while in the other direction Sorrento and Capri were shimmering in the morning sunshine.

As a result of its altitude Mt Faito has a very different feel to it than the previous days walk having a flora more akin to Northern Europe with the welcome addition of some rare montane species. These included the very attractive endemic Violet-*Viola engineae*, carpets of delicate blue *Anemone appenina* (also the occasional white plant), Alpine Rock Cress-*Arabis alpina*, Alpine Squill-*Scilla bifolia*, Round-leaved Saxifrage-*Saxifraga rotundifolia*, and many lovely blooms of Spring Crocus-*Crocus vernus*. Birds were in good numbers here with Coal, Marsh & Blue Tits, Pied Flycather, Wood Warbler, and Whinchat all showing well, whilst a beautiful little Firecrest decided to search for insects amongst some dead wood next to the path right next us giving exquisite views.

We took our picnic lunch amongst some rocks near the St Michele chapel with wonderful views over Pompeii and the brooding Vesuvius in the background, where Mark was then able to catch and show us the colourful but dainty Southern Festoon butterfly, before releasing it unharmed. Reaching the chapel, we turned around and then made our way back along the ridge the way that we had come, noting some more good plants including Spring Rock-cress-*Arabis verna*, Alpine Corn Gromwell-*Bugglosoides arvensis ssp sibthorpiana*, Hutchinsia-*Hornungia petraea*, and many plants of Stinking Hellebore-*Helleborus foetidus*. At one point a flock of mixed Alpine and Common Swifts filled the sky, while some of the group had a good view of a female Red-backed Shrike. After a welcome coffee or hot chocolate at the café next to the cable car station, we then continued slowly back to the hotel, enjoying another lovely dinner, before hearing Tawny, Little and a distant Scops Owl calling.

Day 4

Saturday 12th April

Heavy rain am, sunny periods pm, cool

Today it was back up into the hills behind the hotel through Termini and then down the other side near the sea, parking at the small village of Nerano. From here we were to take a lovely path which skirts the side of a cliff before descending through olive groves to an old quarry on the coast at Ieranto. The latter area is now protected as a countryside museum with signs explaining both the techniques of rustic olive cultivation and the methods used to extract the limestone.

As we left the hotel though it started to rain, gradually becoming heavier as we neared the village. While parking the minibus there were signs of an improvement, so we decided to carry on with the itinerary, taking the path towards the sea immediately noting many colourful plants including Wild Gladiolus-*Gladiolus italicus*, Hoary Stock-*Mathiola incana*, Silvery Convolvulus-*Convolvulus cneorum*, Hairy Yellow Vetch-*Vicia hybrida*, Shrubby Germander-*Teucrium fruticans* and the little fern-*Cheilanthes pteridiodes*. At one spot a Blue Rock Thrush was singing well below us, but by now the rain was much heavier again and the rocks beneath our feet were becoming dangerously slippery, so reluctantly it was decided to turn around and return to the bus.

We had intended to go back to the hotel and change into dry clothes, but upon reaching the car park the rain stopped and the sun gradually tried to come out, so Mark suggested we have lunch at a spot overlooking the little beach resort of Marina di Cantone, where if the weather continued to improve we could walk along the coast towards Recommone in the afternoon. Thankfully this was the case and we were able to see a good selection of plants here including Rock & Spiny Sainfoin-Onobrychis saxatilis & Hedysarum spinosissimum, Common Myrtle-Myrtus communis, Pitch Trefoil-Psoralea bituminosa, the Carob Tree-Ceratonia siliqua and the pink Milk-vetch-Astragalus echinatus.

Birds seen were Blue Rock Thrush, Raven, Peregrine, Orphean, Fan-tailed & Garden Warbler, Cirl Bunting and amazingly a dozen Night Herons. The latter which were obviously on migration to their usual marsh nesting grounds, were disturbed from their daytime roost amongst the olive groves by Mark and another member of the group after they had decided that they needed a comfort stop!

Returning to the minibus we had good views of the strange little Moorish Gecko at the entrance of its hole in a wall, before we once again drove up to the allotment area above Termini. The mist was starting to close in now, so we just had time to find some Man Orchids-*Aceras anthropophorum*, amongst the many spikes of Provence Orchid, before heading back to the hotel.

Day 5

Sunday 13th April

Sunny, cold wind, mist on Vesuvius

There was no repeat this morning of yesterday's rain, so after breakfast we were soon heading north for a morning visit to the extensive ruins of the roman city of Pompeii, situated ominously beneath the brooding Mount Vesuvius which had destroyed it after erupting in the year 79 AD. After parking the bus in a restaurant car park, we then made our way to the entrance where English language maps and guides were obtained for our visit. While most members of the group thoroughly enjoyed the archaeological sights, two others decided to head for the fringes of the site where gardens and grassy areas usually hold a good number of birds. New species for the week were Tree Pipit, Great-spotted Woodpecker, Magpie, Dunnock, and at least two Hoopoe, while at last a few butterflies were on the wing, including both Scarce and Common Swallowtail, Clouded Yellow, Painted Lady and Wall Brown.

After a splendid pizza lunch, we then took the autostrada towards Naples and after a short distance turned off onto the road into the Vesuvius National Park and the steep winding ascent that goes almost to the top. We initially stopped in a lay-by next to an area of colonised lava where there were many lovely blooms of both Pink Butterfly and Green-winged Orchid-Orchis morio, along with Fodder Vetch-Vicia villosa, a stunning deep blue Gromwell-Anchusa undulata ssp hybrida, and more Narrow-leaved Lupin.

Reaching the summit car park, we then walked up the steep path to peer into the sinister looking crater where at one or two spots some steam was lazily drifting up into the atmosphere. Nearing the top a thick mist started to envelope us, eventually obscuring much of the view, although we could still see the lava flow below us from the last eruption in 1944, which even now has been barely colonised by plants. The pioneer species is the endemic lichen-*Stereocaulon vesuvianum*, which gradually over time will help break the rock down so that some vascular plants can grab a foothold. These include the endemic Mt Etna Broom-G*enista aetnensis* and abundant French Sorrel-*Rumex scutatus*, the former growing very tall, although not yet in flower for us. Another bonus was the presence of another Blue Rock Thrush and a Peregrine Falcon passing food to its mate, which then returned to the nesting site on the cliff <u>inside</u> of the crater, obviously an ideal place to bring up a family!

Day 6

Monday 14th April

Sunny, but a strong cool wind

We awoke to a sunny but windy day, so left the hotel to drive into Sorrento, parking the minibus at the port, where we were to catch the boat over to the beautiful island of Capri. After purchasing the tickets, we quickly boarded and in no time were enjoying the short ride across to the island the only birds noted being the ubiquitous Yellow-legged Gulls.

On Capri we then all acquired a joint travel ticket, before literally cramming into the funicular railway up the hill to the bus station where we then transferred to one of the little buses that connect Capri town with Anacapri, the other main town here. The road is built into the side of the cliff with a dizzying drop below and as we climbed higher a wonderful vista unfolded of the bay stretching away below with the Sorrento Peninsula behind it in the distance.

At our destination we changed yet again onto the fourth mode of transport during the day, by taking the chairlift to the top of Monte Solaro, at 587 metres the highest point of the island. After an initial apprehension by some members of the group, everyone remarked how wonderful it was to inspect the masses of colourful wild flowers from above, with the Naked Man and Pink Butterfly Orchids being particularly abundant and at the same time enjoy the extensive views.

At the top we then made our way gradually down through pine woodland and scrub to an old observatory overlooking the bay far below, a superb spot to eat our picnic lunch. The cold unprecedented westerly winds though were obviously having an effect on bird numbers with only Sub-alpine and Sardinian Warbler, Northern Wheatear and Pied Flycatcher being noted, whereas normally the trees and vegetation here are full of migrants resting up after their sea crossing.

Thankfully though there was still a good show of flowering plants with Mediterranean Bartsia-Parentucellia latifolia, Star of Bethlehem-Ornithogalum umbellatum, Wild Cabbage-Brassica oleracea ssp robertiana, Jersey Buttercup-Ranunculus paludosus, Shepherd's Needle-Scandix pectin-veneris, Fringed Rue-Ruta chalepensis, Spiny Spurge-Euphorbia spinosa and another large clump of the beautiful Rosemary-leaved Gromwell.

Continuing back down into Anacapri we had superb views of a pair of Peregrines displaying to each other, while some of the group had some excitement when a Western Whip Snake shot away from almost beneath their feet! We then once again squeezed ourselves on to the bus and back down to the port and the boat back to Sorrento, where two members stayed in the town, while the rest of us drove back to the hotel.

As we had returned earlier than expected, we decided to walk down to the roman remains of Villa di Pollio at the headland of Punta del Capo. This was a very pleasant walk with good views across the bay to Sorrento, and a good place to find some new plants including Maidenhair Fern- *Adiantum capillus-veneris*, the elegant Hare's-tail Grass-*Lagarus ovatus*, and the two Curry Plants-*Helichrysum stoechas & H. italicum*.

Day 7

Tuesday 15th April

Sunny periods, heavy blustery showers, cold

We left after breakfast and immediately had to drive through a thunder storm with heavy rain and hail, before it cleared as we took the very scenic Amalfi coastal road to the lovely little town of Positano, enjoying the dramatic views of the mountains tumbling down to the sea in sheer cliffs, with the road clinging to their sides. Mark dropped the group off at the start of our walk, before parking the mini-bus further along the road and returning to rejoin us as we started to ascend a steep but very well made path that initially climbs up through extensive woodland.

Immediately, we started noting many lovely plants, with the ground being literally carpeted with a superb show of the delicate red *Cycalmen repandum* along with the blue *Anemone appeninum* that we had already seen on Mt Faito. Orchids were also very numerous with new species added to our list including a lovely deep violet Green-winged Orchid-Orchis morio, Sword-leaved Helleborine-*Cephalanthera longifolia*, Man Orchid-*Aceras anthropophorum*, and lovely robust specimens of Early Spider Orchid-*Ophrys araneola*, and the endemic Sicilian Spider Orchid-*Ophrys exaltata*.

We eventually emerged into more open habitat towards the top of the massif near the hilltop village of Santa Maria del Castella, just as the heavens opened again. Thankfully the shower did not last long, enabling us to appreciate some more interesting plants the most noticeable being the blue of two Gromwells, Purple-*Buglossoides purpurocaerulea* and a Mediterranean species-*Anchusa cretica*, a deep red Campion-*Silene sericea*, and the strange Birthwort-*Aristolochia pallida*, the food plant of the Southern Festoon butterfly which we had seen earlier in the week. At the village itself we at last managed to see a few bird species amongst the small cultivated fields with Whinchat, Northern Wheatear, Raven, Swift, and a single Black-eared Wheatear.

We ate our lunch on a rock outcrop, once again dodging the showers, before descending by the famous and spectacular old zigzag roman packhorse way back down into Positano. We noticed that the vegetation was now recovering well from the fire in the summer of 2004, nice plants here being Small Tongue Orchid-*Serapias parviflora,* masses of Provence Orchid, Nice Milkwort-*Polygala nicaensis,* Swallow-wort-*Vincetoxicum hirundinaria,* the first flowers of both the pink and white Cistus's-*C. creticus & C. salvifolius,* and towards the bottom many plants of the endemic Round-leaved Mullein-*Verbascum rotundifolium ssp rotundifolium.* Birds seen were Hoopoe, Orphean Warbler, while both Sub-alpine and Sardinian Warbler and a Blue Rock Thrush were singing.

Finally arriving in the town we then made the obligatory visit to the "Bar International" where we took some welcome refreshment, before Mark retrieved the bus for the journey back to the hotel. Here a little later, the strong westerly winds suddenly changed around to blow from the south and almost immediately 100's of Swallows started flying through, with Stock Dove and one member was also lucky enough to observe a party of Bee-eaters.

Day 8

Wednesday 16th April

Sunny and warm

We had breakfast, bade farewell to our hosts, and then set off nice and early for Naples where we were to catch our flight back to Gatwick. The autostrada was very busy this morning, with tail backs at a few spots, but we eventually reached the airport in plenty of time, even though a missed turning resulted in us having to negotiate the centre of Naples before reaching our goal! Before saying our goodbyes and going our separate ways, we all agreed it had been a very successful and enjoyable week with many plant, bird, butterfly, and cultural highlights, and this despite the unusually cool windy and occasionally wet conditions.

Species Lists

Plants

Scientific name	Common name	Day first seer
LICHENS		
Stereocaulon vesuvianum	Mount Vesuvius Lichen	5
FERNS		
Pteridium aquilinum	Bracken	2
Athyrium felix-femina	Lady Fern	7
Dryopteris felix-mas	Common Male Fern	3
D. submontana	Rigid Buckler Fern	2
Phyllitis scolopendrium	Hart's-tongue Fern	3
Asplenium trichomanes	Maidenhair Spleenwort	7
A. adiantum-nigrum	Black Spleenwort	6
Ceterach officinarum	Rustyback Fern	2
Adiantum capillus-veneris	Maidenhair Fern	6
Anagramma leptophylla	Jersey Fern	2
Salaginella denticulata	Mediterranean Clubmoss	2
Cheilanthes pteridiodes	Scented Cheilanthus	4
CONIFERS		
Pinus pinaster	Maritime Pine	2
P. nigra	Black Pine	3
P. pinea	Umbrella or Stone Pine	1
P. halepensis	Alleppo Pine	2
P. uncinata	Mountain Pine	3
Juniperus phoenicea	Phoenician Juniper	2
Taxus baccata	Yew	3
Cupressus sempervirens	Italian Cypress	2
SALICACEAE		
S. caprea	Goat Willow	2
Populus x canadensis	Hybrid Poplar	2
BETULACEAE		
	Silver Birch	5
Betula pendula Alnus incana		-
A. glutinosa	Grey Alder Alder	<u> </u>
CORYLACEAE		
Carpinus betulus	Hornbeam	3
Coryllus avellana	Hazel	2
Ostyra carpinifolia	Hop hornbeam	2
FAGACEAE		
Fagus sylvatica	Beech	3
Castanea sativa	Sweet Chestnut	3
Quercus robur	Common Oak	3
Q. pubescens	Downy Oak	2
Q. ilex	Holm Oak	2

Scientific name	Common name	Day first seer
MODACEAE		
MORACEAE		
Ficus carica	Fig	2
SANTALACEAE		
Osyris alba	Osyris	7
ULMACEAE		
U.minor	Small-leaved Elm	2
URTICACEAE		
Urtica dioica	Stinging Nettle	3
Urtica membranacea	Annual Mediterranean Nettle	2
Parietaria judaica	Pellitory-of-the-wall	2
P. officinalis		2
P. lusitanica		2
ARISTOLOCHIACEAE		
Aristolochia pallida	Birthwort	7
POLYGONACEAE		
Rumex acetosa	Sorrel	3
R. crispus	Curled Dock	3
R. scutatus	Shield or French Dock	5
CHENOPODIACEAE		
Atriplex halimus	Shrubby Orache	2
CARYOPHYLLACEAE		
Cerastium ligusticum	a Mouse-ear Chickweed	5
C. fontanum	Common Mouse-ear	2
Stellaria media	Common Chickweed	2
S. neglecta	Greater Chickweed	3
Sagina procumbens	Procumbent Pearlwort	2
Silene italica	Italian Catchfly	2
S. latifolia	White Campion	2
S. vulgaris	Bladder Campion	2
S. gallica	Small-flowered Catchfly	2
S. sericea		7
S. dioica	Red Campion	3
RANUNCULACEAE		
Ranunculus repens	Creeping Buttercup	4
R. acris	Meadow Buttercup	3
R. paludosus	Jersey Buttercup	6
R. ficaria	Lesser Celandine(leaves)	2
Helleborus foetidus	Stinking Hellebore	3
Clematis vitalba	Old Man's Beard	2
Anemone apennina	Blue Wood Anemone	3
A. hortensis		2
A. pavonina		2

Scientific name	Common name	Day first see
LAURACEAE		
Laurus nobilus	Bay Tree	2
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PAPAVERACEAE		
Chelidonium majus	Greater Celandine	5
Papaver rhoeas	Common Poppy	4
P. dubium	Pale Poppy	2
FUMARIACEAE		
Fumaria capreolata	Ramping Fumitory	2
F. muralis ssp boraei	Wall Fumitory	2
CRUCIFEREAE		
Cardamine hirsuta	Hairy Bitter-cress	2
C. residifolia		3
Cardaminopsis arenosa	Rockcress	3
Brassica oleracea ssp robertiana	Wild Cabbage	6
Sinapis arvensis	Charlock	4
•	Garlic Mustard	3
Alliaria petiolata		3
Erophila verna	Common Whitlow-grass	
C. didymus		2
Sisymbrium officinale	Hedge Mustard	2
Capsella bursa-pastoris	Shepherd's Purse	2
Raphanus raphanistrum	Wild Radish	
Arabis turrita	Tower-cress	2
A. verna	Spring Rock-cress	3
A. alpina	Alpine Rock-cress	3
Hornungia petraea	Hutchinsia	3
Lobularia maritima	Sweet Alyssum	2
Cardaria draba	Hoary Cress	2
Matthiola incana	Wild Stock	2
Hutchinsia alpina	Chamois Cress	5
RESEDACEAE		
Reseda alba	White Mignonette	2
CRASSULACEAE		
Umbilicus rupestris	Wall Pennywort	2
U. horizontalis		2
Sedum dasyphyllum (leaves)	Thick-leaved Stonecrop	4
SAXIFRAGACEAE		
Saxifraga tridactylites	Rue-leaved Saxifrage	3
S. rotundifolia (in bud)	Round-leaved Saxifrage	3
PLATANACEAE		
Platanus x hybrida	London Plane	2
ROSACEAE		
Sangiusorba minus	Salad Burnet	2

Scientific name	Common name	Day first seen
Geum urbanum	Herb Bennet	3
Potentilla sterilis	Barren Strawberry	3
P. reptans	Creeping Cinquefoil	3
Crataegus monogyna	Hawthorn	2
C. laevigata	Midland Hawthorn	4
	Blackthorn	4
Prunus spinosa		
Eriobotrya japonica	Japanese Loquat	4
Fragaria vesca	Wild Strawberry	3
Pyrus amygdaliformis	Mediterranean Wild Pear	4
Prunus avium	Wild Cherry	6
Rosa canina	Common Dog Rose (leaves)	3
LEGUMINOSAE		
Cercis siliquastrum	Judas Tree	1
Ceratonia siliqua	Carob or Locust Tree	4
Robinia pseudacacia	False Acacia	4
Psoralea bituminosa	Pitch Trefoil	4
Calycotome villosa	Hairy Thorny Broom	7
Genista aetnensis	Mt Etna Broom (not in flower)	5
Lupinus angustifolius	Narrow-leaved Lupin	2
Spartium junceum	Spanish Broom	2
Cytisus scoparius	Common Broom	2
Coronilla scorpiodes	Annual Scorpion Vetch	2
C. emerus	Scorpion Senna	1
C. valentina		2
Onobrychis viciifolia	Sainfoin	7
O. caput-galli	Cockscomb Sainfoin	2
O. saxatilis	Rock Sainfoin	2
0. aguidentata		4
Hedysarum spinossimum	Spiny Sainfoin	7
Melilotus indicus	Small Melilot	2
Vicia bithynica	Bithynian Vetch	2
V. sativa ssp nigra	Narrow-leaved Vetch	3
V. sativa ssp nigra V. sativa ssp sativa	Fodder Vetch	2
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4
V. hybrida	Hairy Yellow Vetch	
V. villosa	Fodder Vetch	5
V. ochroleuca		2
V. hirsuta	Hairy Tare	7
V. sepia	Bush Vetch	2
Lathyrus vernus	Spring Pea	7
L. sphaericus		4
L. clymenum		2
L. setifolius		4
Medicago arabica	Spotted Medick	2
Trifolium repens	White Clover	7
T. scabrum	Rough Clover	2
T. stellatum	Starry Clover	2
Lotus edulis	Edible Lotus	2
L. creticus	Southern Birds-foot Trefoil	2
L. ornithopodiodes		2
Anthyllis vulneraria	Kidney Vetch	4

Scientific name	Common name	Day first seer
A. vul ssp praepropera	Mediterranean Kidney Vetch	6
A. tetraphylla	Bladder Vetch	2
A. barba-jovis	Jupiter's Beard	2
A. barba-jovis A. hermanii		7
	Wingod Roa	2
Tetragonolobus purpureus	Winged Pea	4
Astragalus echinatus		4
OXALIDACEAE		
Oxalis pres-caprae	Bermuda Buttercup	2
O. articulata	Pink Oxalis	2
GERANIACEAE		
Geranium robertianum	Herb Robert	6
G. purpureum	Little Robin	2
G. lucidum	Shining Crane's-bill	3
G. molle	Dove's-foot Crane's-bill	2
G. dissectum	Cut-leaved Crane's-bill	2
G. rotundifolium	Round-leaved Crane's-bill	2
G. columbinum	Long-stalked Crane's-bill	2
Erodium cicutarium	Common Stork's-bill	2
E. cicutarium ssp bipinnatum		3
E. malacoides	Mallow-leaved Stork's-bill	2
LINACEAE		
Linum bienne	Pale Flax	2
EUPHORBIACEAE		
Mercurialis annua	Annual Mercury	2
Eeuphorbia dendroides	Tree Spurge	1
E. characias	Large Mediterranean Spurge	2
E. helioscopia	Sun Spurge	2
E. spinosa	Spiny Spurge	6
E. peplus	Petty Spurge	2
E. amygdaloides	Wood Spurge	3
POLYGALACEAE		
Polygala nicaensis	Nice Milkwort	7
ACERACEAE		
Acer pseudoplatanus	Sycamore	2
ANACARDIACEAE		
Pistacia lentiscus	Mastic Tree	2
RHAMNACEAE		
Rhamnus alaternus	Mediterranean Buckthorn	2
TILACEAE		
Tilia platyphyllos	Large-leaved Lime	6
MALVACEAE		

Scientific name	Common name	Day first seen
Malva sylvestris	Common Mallow	2
M. parviflora	Small-flowered Mallow	2
Lavatera cretica	Small Tree Mallow	2
L. arborea	Tree Mallow	2
THYMELACEAE		
Daphne laureola	Spurge Laurel	3
Thymelaea tartonraira ssp argentea		7
RUTACEAE		
Citrus sinensis	Orange	2
C. limon	Lemon	2
Ruta chalepensis	Fringed Rue	6
VIOLACEAE		
Viola arvensis	Field Pansy	5
V. reichenbachiana	Wood Dog Violet	3
V. eugeniae		3
V. odorata	Sweet Violet	3
CISTACEAE		
	Common Bockroso con	4
Helianthemum nummularium ssp	Common Rockrose ssp	2
Fumana thymifolia Cistus creticus	Thyme-leaved Fumana Pink Cistus	7
C. salvifolius		7
	Sage-leaved Cistus	1
TAMARICACEAE		
Tamarix tetragyna	Tamarisk Tree	4
CACTACEAE		
Opuntia ficus-indica	Prickly Pear	1
MYRTACEAE		
Myrtus communis	Common Myrtle	4
Myrtus communis		_
CORNACEAE		
Cornus sanguinea	Dogwood	2
ARIALACEAE		
Hedera helix	lvy	2
		<u> </u>
UMBELLIFERAE		
Erngium campestre	Field Eryngo (last years seedheads)	2
Scandix pecten-veneris	Shepherd's Needle	2
Foeniculum vulgare	Fennel	6
Ferula communis	Giant Fennel	2
Smyrnium olusatrum	Alexanders	2
Daucus carota	Wild Carrot	2
Tordylium apulum	Tordylium	2
Orlaya daucoides	Orlaya	2
Oenanthe globulosa	Mediterranean Water Dropwort	4

Scientific name	Common name	Day first seen
Crithmum maritimum	Rock Samphire	2
Chaerophyllum temulum	Rough Chervil	7
ERICACEAE		
Erica arborea	Tree Heather	2
PRIMULACEAE		
Anagallis arvensis	Scarlet Pimpernel	2
A. foemina	Blue Pimpernel	2
Cyclamen repandum	Spring Cyclamen	2
OLEACEAE		
Fraxinus excelsior	Ash	3
F. ornus	Manna Ash	2
Phillyrea latifolia		2
P. angustifilia		2
Olea europaea	Olive	2
GENTIANACEAE		
Centaurium erythraea	Common Centaury	2
MENYANTHACEAE		
Vinca minor	Lesser Periwinkle	7
V. major	Greater Periwinkle	2
ASCLEPIADACEAE		
Vincetoxicum hirundinaria	Swallow-wort	7
RUBIACEAE		
Valentia hispida		2
Rubia peregrina	Wild Madder	2
Sherardia arvensis	Field Madder	2
Galium mollugo	Hedge Bedstraw	7
G. aparine	Goose-grass, Cleavers	2
Cruciata laevipes	Crosswort	7
CONVOLVULACEAE		
Calystegia sepium	Large Bindweed	6
C. cneorum	Silvery Convolvulus	2
C. althaeoides ssp tenuissimus	Mallow-leaved Convolvulus	2
Cuscuta campestris	Field Dodder	2
BORAGINACEAE		
Buglossoides arvensis ssp sibthorpiana	Corn Gromwell	3
B. purpurocaerulea	Purple Gromwell	7
Echium vulgare	Viper's Bugloss	7
E. parviflorum	Small-flowered Viper's Bugloss	2
Symphytum tuberosum	Soft Comfrey	3
Borago officinalis	Borage	2
Myosotis arvensis	Field Forget-me-not	2

Scientific name	Common name	Day first seer
Anchusa cretica		7
A. undulata ssp hybrida		5
LABIATAE		
A. reptans	Common Bugle	6
Lamium maculatum	Spotted Deadnettle	7
L. purpureum	Red Deadnettle	2
L. album	White Deadnettle	2
Teucrium fruticans	Shrubby Germander	4
T. chamaedrys	Wall Germander (leaves)	6
Prasium majus	Prasium	2
Sideritis romana		2
Micromeria graeca		2
Thymus praecox	Common Thyme	7
Rosmarinus officinalis	Rosemary	2
Salvia verbenaca	Wild Clary	2
SOLANACEAE Solanum sarrachoides	Green Nightshade	2
Solandin Sandenoides	Oreen Nightanade	
SCROPHULARACEAE		
Verbascum sinuatum	a Mullein (leaves only)	2
V. rotundifolium ssp rotundifolium	Round-leaved Mullein	7
V. thapsus (leaves only)	Common Mullein	3
Scrophularia peregrina	Nettle-leaved Figwort	6
Antirrhinum majus	Common Snapdragon	2
A. siculum	Sicilian Snapdragon	1
Cymbalaria muralis	Ivy-leaved Toadflax	7
Veronica. chamaedrys	Germander Speedwell	2
V. persica	Common Field Speedwell	2
V. cymbalaria	Cymbalaria-leaved Speedwell	2
Digitalis lutea (leaves only)	Small Yellow Foxglove	3
Parentucellia latifolia	Mediterranean Bartsia	4
Misopates orontium	Weasel's Snout	2
OROBANCHACEAE		
Orobanche purpurea	Yarrow Broomrape	2
O. sanguinea		4
PLANTAGINACEAE		
P. lanceolata	Ribwort Plantain	3
Plantago major	Great Plantain	2
Plantago major P. afra		2
	Buck's-horn Plantain	6
P. coronopus		0
CAPRIFOLIACEAE		
Lonicera etrusca	Honeysuckle	2
VALERIANACEAE		
Valerianella locusta	Common Cornsalad	7
Centranthus ruber	Red Valerian	2

Scientific name	Common name	Day first seer
COMPOSITAE		
Bellis perennis	Daisy	3
B. sylvestris	Southern Daisy	2
Helichrysum stoechas	Curry Plant	6
H. italicum		6
Evax pygmaea		2
Santolina chamaecyparissus	Lavender Cotton (leaves)	7
Chrysanthemum segetum	Corn Marigold	2
C. coronarium	Crown Daisy	5
Calendula arvensis	Field Marigold	2
Phagnalon rupestre		2
Eupatoria cannabinum	Hemp Agrimony	7
Dittrichia graveolens	Stink Aster (leaves)	6
Senecio vulgaris	Groundsel	2
Inula conyza (leaves)	Ploughman's Spikenard	7
Erigeron karvinskianus	Mexican Fleabane	6
Carduus pycnocephalis	Plymouth Thistle	2
Cirsium vulgare	Spear Thistle	3
C. arvense	Creeping Thistle	2
C. eriophorum (leaves only)	Woolly Thistle	3
C. acaule (leaves only)	Stemless Thistle	3
Galactites tomentosa		2
Centaurea cinerea	an endemic Knapweed	2
C. parlatoris ssp tenorei	an endemic Knapweed	2
Tragopogon porrifolius	Salsify	2
Sonchus oleraceus	Smooth Sow-thistle	2
Hyoseris scabra		2
Lapsana communis	Nipple-wort	2
Urospermum delechampii	Urospermum	2
Matricaria perforate ssp maritima	Scentless Mayweed	2
Arctium minus	Lesser Burdock	7
Astericus maritimus		2
Picris echioides	Prickly Ox-tongue	3
Cynara cardunculus	Cardoon	2
LILACEAE		
Asphodelus aestivus	Asphodel	2
Urginea maritima	Sea Squill (leaves only)	2
Ornithogalum umbellatum	Common Star of Bethlehem	6
Muscari comosum	Tassel Hyacinth	2
Allium neapolitanum	Neapolitan Garlic	2
A. subhirsutum		2
A. triquetrum	Three-Cornered Garlic	2
A. roseum	Rosy Garlic	2
Crocus verna	Spring Crocus	3
Ruscus aculeatus	Butcher's Broom	7
	Sarsaparilla Plant	2
Smilax aspera	· · ·	2
Asparagus acutifolius	Prickly Asparagus	
Scilla bifolia Polygonatum verticillatum	Alpine Squill Whorled Solomon's-Seal (leaves)	<u> </u>

Scientific name	Common name	Day first seen
AGAVACEAE		
	Contum Diant	
Agave americana	Century Plant	2
DIOSCOREACEAE		
Tamus communis	Black Bryony	7
IRIDACEAE		
Iris albicans		2
Gladiolus italicus	Field Gladiolus	4
ARACEAE		
Arum italicum	Large Cuckoo Pint	2
Arisarum vulgare	Friar's Cowl	7
JUNCACEAE		
Luzula forsterii	Southern Wood-rush	7
L. pilosa	Hairy Woodrush	3
CYPERACEAE		
Carex caryophyllea	Spring Sedge	4
C. flacca	Glaucous Sedge	3
C. humilus	Dwarf sedge	7
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POACEAE		
Arundo donax	Giant Reed	2
Festuca vivipara	Viviparous Fescue	3
Lolium perenne	Perennial Rye-grass	2
Bromus sterilis	Barren Brome	2
Anthoxantum odorarum	Sweet Vernal Grass	3
Poa annua	Annual Meadow-grass	2
Brachypodium syvaticum	False Brome	3
Dactylis glomerata	Cock's-foot Grass	2
Arrhenatherum elatius	False Oat-grass	2
Aegilops geniculata		4
Briza maxima	Large Quaking Grass	2
Hordeum murinum	Wall Barley	2
Lagurus ovatus	Hare's-tail Grass	6
Avena sterilis	Winter Wild Oat	4
Ampelodesmos mauritanicus	Tall Tufted Grass	2
Hyparrhenia hirta		2
ORCHIDACEAE		
Cephalanthera longifolia	Sword-leaved Helleborine	7
Aceras anthropophorum	Man Orchid	4
Dactylorhiza fuchsia (leaves)	Common Spotted Orchid	7
Orchis italicus	Naked Man Orchid	2
O. papilionacea	Pink Butterfly Orchid	2
O. provincialis	Provence Orchid	2
O. morio	Green-winged Orchid	5
Ophrys exaltata	Sicilian Spider Orchid	7

Scientific name	Common name	Day first seen
O. bombylifera	Bumble Bee Orchid	2
O. sphegodes	Early Spider Orchid	5
Serapias lingua	Tongue Orchid	2
S. vomeracea	Ploughshare Tongue Orchid	6
S. parviflora	Small-flowered Tongue Orchid	7

Birds

1	Night Heron	a dozen disturbed from roost near Marina del Cantone
2	Sparrowhawk	occasional
3	Buzzard	birds seen most days
4	Osprey	one bird on coast at Termini (on migration)
5	Kestrel	occasional
6	Peregrine	frequent, close views on Capri
7	Yellow-legged Gull	very common
8	Rock Dove/feral Pigeon	common
9	Turtle Dove	common
10	Collared Dove	common
11	Stock Dove	a few birds seen from the hotel (migration?)
12	Cuckoo	one bird heard on Mt Faito
13	Scops Owl	heard at a distance from the hotel on day 3
14	Tawny Owl	one bird heard from the hotel on day 3
15	Little Owl	one bird heard from the hotel on day 3
16	Alpine Swift	close views of a dozen birds on Mt Faito
17	Swift	occasional
18	Bee-eater	a group seen from the hotel on day 7
19	Ноорое	Pompeii and Positano
20	Wryneck	two birds seen well at Termini allotments
21	Green Woodpecker	heard calling on Mt Faito
22	Great-spotted Woodpecker	one bird at Pompeii
23	Swallow	occasional until 200+ on day 7
24	Tree Pipit	one bird singing at Pompeii
25	White Wagtail	occasional
26	Pied Wagtail	one bird on day 3
27	Wren	occasional
28	Robin	common
29	Nightingale	heard at Termini & Pompeii
30	Black Redstart	Mt Faito & Pompeii
31	Whinchat	frequent, good close views on Mt Faito
32	Stonechat	one bird at Pompeii
33	Black-eared Wheatear	one bird at Positano
34	Northern Wheatear	occasional
35	Blackbird	common
36	Blue Rock Thrush	seen or heard most days
37	Song Thrush	occasional
38	Fan-tailed Warbler	Seen at Nerano & Termini
39	Sub-alpine Warbler	Only on Capri and at Positano
40	Orphean Warbler	one seen at both Marina del Cantone & Positano
41	Whitethroat	occasional
42	Blackcap	common
43	Sardinian Warbler	frequently heard & occasionally glimpsed

44	Wood Warbler	frequent, the commonest migrant Warbler
44 45	Garden Warbler	one at Nerano
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46	Chiffchaff	occasional
47	Firecrest	frequent, superb views on Mt Faito
48	Collared Flycather	a female at the hotel on day 5
49	Pied Flycatcher	common
50	Marsh Tit	only on Mt Faito
51	Blue Tit	frequent
52	Great Tit	frequent
53	Coal Tit	only on Monte Faito
54	Nuthatch	occasional
55	Red-backed Shrike	a female on Mt Faito
56	Jay	Monte Faito and Vesuvius
57	Magpie	only at Pompeii
58	Raven	seen most days
59	Hooded Crow	occasional
60	Italian House Sparrow	abundant
61	Tree Sparrow	only on day 7 near the hotel
62	Chaffinch	common
63	Greenfinch	occasional
64	Siskin	one bird seen on Mt Faito
65	Goldfinch	only at Nerano
66	Serin	abundant
67	Cirl Bunting	occasional
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Butterflies

Swallowtail	Papilio machaon	Holly Blue	Celastrina argiolus
Scarce Swallowtail	Iphiclides podalirius	Green-underside Blue	Glaucopsyche alexis
Southern Festoon	Zerynthia polyxena	Common Blue	Polyommatus icarus
Large White	Pieris brassicae	Red Admiral	Vanessa atalanta
Small White	Artogeia rapae	Painted Lady	Cynthia cardui
Brimstone	Gonepteryx rhamni	Speckled Wood	Pararge aegeria
Orange Tip	Anthocharis cardamines	Wall Brown	Lasiommata megera
Clouded Yellow	Colias crocea		

Other Invertebrates

Bloody-nosed Beetle
Oil Beetle
Gendarme Bug
Chafer Beetle
Fire Bug
Dung Beetle sp

Timarcha tenebricosa Meloe variegates Lygaeus saxatilis Oxythyrea funesta Pyrrhocoris apterus Geotrupes sp

Podarcis sicula

Coluber viridiflavus

Reptiles

Italian Wall Lizard Western Whip Snake Garden Carpet Moth Cuckoo Bee Solitary Wasp Millipede sp

Silver Y Moth

Moorish Gecko

Common Lizard

Autogramma gamma Xanthohoe fluctuate Melecta luctuosa Sphex sp Diplopoda sp

Talentola mauritanica Lacerta vivipara